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BROTHER

Of Lord Roberts, the Pride of the English Army,

Died in a Poor Squalid Room

In San Francisco Thursday, at Least Such is the Belief of the Coroner Who Held an Inquest Over Dead Man's Remains.

San Francisco, Jan. 11.—Abram Roberts, who died in a squalid room here Thursday, is believed by the coroner to be a brother of General Lord Roberts, the popular "Bobs," commander of the English forces. A letter found in the dead man's clothing leads to this belief. It was written in 1894 by Harry Roberts, a brother of the deceased at that time employed in a Princeton, Ills. bank. The letter said: "Our brother is now, I believe in charge of the English forces in Ireland."

DENIES THE CHARGE

Of Any Ill Treatment About Which Booze Had a Right to Complain.

West Point, Jan. 11.—The fourth witness in the Booze investigation by the congressional committee this morning was Cadet George B. Shatzing, of Michigan, time keeper in the memorable fight between Keller and Booze and author of the resolution adopted by his class not to submit to hazing. He testified that he was present at the fight throughout. He gave details of the encounter and reiterated his former statement to the effect that Booze was not severely injured and was not illy treated by other cadets. He knew of no specific hazing inflicted on Booze by others than the fight. Letters by Booze to friends at home and couched with complaints of illtreatment he was being subjected to by other cadets were read to witness and the latter denied emphatically that there were any reasonable grounds for complaint.

All on Board the Russie were Rescued.

Marseilles, Jan. 11.—By the aid of the life line and breeches buoy and heroic work of the life savers all of the 102 souls on the Russie were rescued at daybreak. They were nearly famished and exhausted after their four days exposure and were taken care of by the town. Many of the crew lived here and there was great rejoicing over the rescue.

LOOKS A BIT UGLY,

As Though Someone Might Have Been Looking for a Rake-off.

Washington, Jan. 11. — Senators who were confident that Britian would accept the Hay-Pauncefote treaty without demanding concessions have had their ideas rudely shattered. England has notified the state department that to protect its own citizens she must reject the ereaty or know in advance that her interests will be protected. This position is taken because of the rather strtling discovery that British company shipping firm of Forward Bros. owns a 30 year concession obtained from the Nicaraugan government in September 1897 by which they have entire monopoly of the transportation on San Juan river from Nicaraugan Lake to the Carribean sea. As the plans proposed for the ship canal contemplates the using of the course of the San Juan river from the lake to the Atlantic this concession unless removed is an absolute bar to a ship canal by the United States until 1927. The British company could demand royalty on every vessel going through the canal.

Weinstock Indicted.

McConnelsville, O., Jan. 11.—The grand jury indicted Walter Weinstock for criminal assault and horribly mutilating Nellie Morris at Hackney last week. Miss Morris is recovering and now there is no doubt about a speedy trial. There is no talk whatever of lynching or any resort to violence. Weinstock is held in jail here without bail and the father of the mutilated girl has insisted on the law taking its course and advised all of his neighbors against any efforts at lynching.

Ohio Republican League.

Cincinnati, Jan. 11.—A call was issued for the sixteenth annual convention of the Ohio Republican league at Cleveland, Feb. 12, by President D. Q. Morrow of Hillsboro and Secretary H. V. Speelman of Marietta. Following the convention the annual Lincoln banquet will be given in the evening at which the Ohio senators and congressman, Governor Nash and distinguished Republicans from other states will be present.

Into a Vat of Hot Water.

Baltimore, O., Jan. 11.—Burt Roshon came to his death in a horrible manner at the strawboard works here. He was at work at the bleach tubs, where the straw is treated by steam, and when on top of the straw the chain, holding the mass out of the water, broke. Roshon was let down into the boiling water and was scalded in such a fearful manner that he was soon relieved by death.

A Huge Transport.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Quartermaster General Ludington is informed that the steamer Samoa, recently purchased by the government, was delivered to its representatives at Hongkong. The Samoa is one of the largest freighters in the world, having a displacement of about 11,000 tons, nearly double that of any vessel in the United States transport service. She is to be utilized in bringing volunteer troops from the Philippines to San Francisco.

Miners Entombed.

Moberly, Mo., Jan. 11.—A landslide or cave-in occurred at Santiago mine, some six miles from here, entombing 60 men. The main entrance to the mine, which was on the tunnel plan, was completely stopped. The mine was enveloped in total darkness and the entombed miners had to crawl and feel their way to a small entrance or air tunnel nearly a mile from the main entrance where the cave-in occurred. No one was seriously hurt.

ATTRACTING LARGE AUDIENCES.

The South Side Church of Christ was crowded last evening to hear Rev. Clarence Mitchell's sermon on "Religious Need in the 20th Century." Five additions last night, 79 up to date. Baptismal services tonight. Rev. J. W. Underwood will sing a solo. You must come early for a good seat.

GOMEZ

Hopes to be President of Cuba

In Election Under the New Constitution

Which Provides for Universal Suffrage. Public Sessions of the Constitutional Convention Next Week.

Havana, Jan. 11.—The Cuban constitutional convention, in secret session, decided by a practically unanimous vote to insert in the draft constitution a clause providing for universal suffrage in the future republic. Only one vote, it is understood, was cast against the proposal. Several conservative members, who are known to be opposed to it, were absent, but the advocates of universal suffrage claim a clear majority and say there will be no disposition to oppose when the question comes to a vote in public session. Heretofore this subject has been delicately handled, and it was thought the convention would leave the settlement of the matter to future legislation. The friends of General Maximo Gomez, who assert that he is the popular candidate for the presidency, are elated over the prospect of an unrestricted vote.

The convention has made several modifications in the original draft submitted by the central committee. Many members say that the public sessions will begin next week, and that a constitution will be accepted and presented to congress immediately.

OPTIMISTIC

View Taken of Chinese Situation

By an American Importer at Shanghai.

He Expects to Soon See American Vessels Carrying Products of America to All Eastern Ports.

Kansas City, Jan. 11.—F. A. Blake, an American importer of Shanghai, China, is in the city. "The feeling in China now," said Mr. Blake, "seems to be a general desire for peace. Within a few years I expect to see the Pacific ocean dotted with American vessels carrying products of America to the far east. As soon as the present trouble in the orient is over new business will begin. The upper classes of China are favorable to foreign trade. The first goods which the Chinese will demand will be the staple products of this country, mining machinery, cotton cloth, flannel goods, canned fruits and meats, fish, flour and grain."

FILIPINOS

Present a Memorial to Congress.

It is Signed by Thousands of Representive Residents.

And is a Plea for Liberty Made "In the Name of Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln."

Washington, Jan. 11.—Senator Teller (Colo.) presented to the senate a memorial from 2,000 representative natives of Manilla, including the names of doctors, lawyers, merchants, bankers and professional men. The memorial is in the nature of an appeal for liberty and asks, "in the name of Washington, of Jefferson, of Lincoln and of God Eternal," that the United States "cease its persecutions of men struggling to be free." The appeal declares that autonomy would not be acceptable to the Filipinos, who desire full independence. It claims the insurgents have the support of practically all the people of the Philippines and that they will not yield until the last drop of Filipino blood has been shed.

TRENHOLM DEAD.

New York, Jan. 11.—Wm. Lee Trenholm, banker and United States comptroller during President Cleveland's first administration, died today at his home, 312 west 73d street. His death was due to grip which developed into pneumonia.

BILL

For Reorganization of Army

Moving Along.

Discussion Between Members is Bitter.

The Amendment Proposed Contemptates Retirement of Several Officers.

Pettigrew Gets Out His Ax and Goes After General Shafter, Whose Advancement He is Opposed to.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Considerable progress was made by the senate with the army reorganization bill, but the final vote upon the measure still seems far off. Proceedings were characterized by several sharp colloquies, some of them decidedly personal.

An appeal was presented by Mr. Teller (Colo.) from more than 2,000 Filipinos in Manilla, urging the United States government to cease its operations against the Filipinos. The appeal is sensational in its statements, and so unusual in form that Mr. Hawley (Conn.) made a vigorous objection to its publication as a document. He declared that it was treasonable denunciation of the government and an attack upon the American soldiers.

Consideration was concluded of the committee amendments to the army reorganization bill and the senate took up the amendments proposed by individual senators. The amendments providing for the appointment of Generals James H. Wilson, Fitzhugh Lee and General Shafter to be major generals of the regular army and retired, precipitated an extended and, on the part of Mr. Pettigrew, a bitter debate. Mr. Pettigrew opposed the promotion of General Shafter. The amendments prevailed, however, despite the opposition.

House Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The general debate on the river and harbor bill continued in the house until the death of Representative Clarke of New Hampshire was announced, and the house adjourned out of respect to his memory. The features of the debate were the speeches of Mr. Cushman (Wash.) and Mr. Hepburn (Ia.). The latter has been a persistent opponent of river and harbor bills for years, and he attacked the bill all along the line in his usually vigorous fashion. Mr. Cushman's speech was unique in many particulars. He was in favor of river and harbor appropriations, and his complaint was due to the fact that the members of the committee, according to his ideas, had located the bulk of the appropriations in their own states, and had given scant consideration to the needs of other states—especially to the Seattle ship canal in his own state. Mr. Cushman illustrated his remarks with a series of carefully prepared charts, and his efforts earned a stirring round of applause.

WAR IS ON

Between the Baseball Leagues

And the American and National Leagues.

Are Measuring Strength on the Battle Ground in Chicago. Each Side is Determined to Win Out if Possible.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—The conflict between the American and National baseball leagues is on in earnest. Chicago will be the battleground, and there is every prospect that the differences between the rival organizations will have to be settled in court. A dispatch from the east asserted that the American league would forfeit $5,000 in case a single game was played in Chicago outside of the national agreement and brought the question to an issue. President Hart of the local club admitted that a contract had been signed with the American League along these lines. President Johnson of the American League corroborated the story, and then added that the contract was not worth the paper it was written on.

CHANDLER

Has Been Shelved High and Dry.

He Only Received Forty-Seven Votes

While His Successful Opponent Received 198. Republican Office Seeker Turned Down in New Hampshere.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 11.—Judge Henry E. Burnham of Manchester was nominated on the first ballot for United States senator by the Republican members of the legislature, defeating William Chandler and four other candidates. Chandler received 47 votes, Burnham 198, Congressman Sulloway 23, Henry M. Baker 29, Henry B. Quinby 22 and H. W. Blair 1. The Democrats nominated Charles F. Stone of Laconia as their candidate for United States senator.

FIRST STEPS

Toward the Completion of Negotiation

For Peace Between China and the Powers

Were Taken When the Joint Note Was Signed by the Representative of the Celestial Government.

Paris, Jan. 11.—As the result of inquiries in authoritative quarters, the following statement was given in regard to the Chinese situation: "The Chinese plenipotentiaries signed the joint note Wednesday, thus concluding the preliminary stage of the negotiations."

It was added that this important step was insignificant compared with the difficulties to be met with between the powers themselves, whose clashing interests will have full play in the coming discussions. The United States proposal to shift the seat of the negotiations finds no favor in the European chancelleries. The feeling here favors Shanghai if any change is made, as it is pointed out that Shanghai is the most important trade center in China, and moreover, that the southern viceroys, who are favorable to foreigners and anxious to further trade, could make their influence felt. Failing Shanghai, Berlin or Paris are more likely to be chosen. The enormous British interests are in favor of choice of London, but it is improbable that the other powers will agree to this.

There is not reason to suppose that Russia will withdraw from the joint negotiations. The treaty she has concluded with China concerns her special interests in regions contiguous to her territories, but she has great political interests to defend and further in the joint conference which will bristle with obstacles to a speedy settlement. Russia aims chiefly at a wide expansion of her political influence. Great Britain wants to open the Chinese empire to her commerce and at same time strengthen her political foothold. The United States' efforts, apparently, will be devoted to securing commercial advantages, while France and Germany will desire to increase their trade generally and their political influence in certain provinces.

The struggle between these conflicting designs will be bitter, and, in any case, will greatly protract the negotiations. One thing which Great Britain and the United States wish secured is the raising of the prohibition, which now exists in China, against foreigners acquiring landed interests, a considerable extension of commerce being thereby anticipated. The ministers of the powers will be assisted in the negotiations by commercial advisers, while Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang will continue to act for the Chinese government.

McKinley's Proposition Withdrawn.

Washington, Jan. 11.—As some of the foreign powers do not look with favor upon the proposition of the United States, recently made, as to the withdrawal of certain features of the negotiations from Peking to Washington, or some other capital, and other powers hesitate to decide the question, the president has deemed it advisable to withdraw the proposition and has directed the diplomatic representatives of the United States abroad to so inform the different governments.

WORSE

Becomes the Situation in South Africa With Each Day.

No Comfort in Late Reports

Which Reach the London War Office. The Cape Dutch are Reported as Joining the Invaders in Large Numbers. Many Raids Being Made.

London, Jan. 11.—The situation in South Africa grows worse rather than better. Lord Kitchener's dispatches are more laconic than those of Lord Roberts and little else of importance is allowed to come through. The Times, in an editorial, finds comfort in the thought that the "process of attrition is doing its work and must shortly lead to the inevitable result." In other quarters, however, there is less satisfaction with the position of affairs, which has practically necessitated the fortification of Cape Town. No steps have been taken to comply with Lord Kitchener's demands for reinforcements.

Lord Coleridge, in a letter excusing his nonattendance at a political meeting, says: "I loathe and detest this war and the policy which brought it about, the mode in which it is conducted and the undignified excitement over the defeat of a handful of peasants defending their country at the hands of 10 times their number of trained soldiers, backed by the wealth of England."

Late dispatches report that a small party of Boers carried off cattle close to the east fort at Pretoria. Nine hundred Boers, under Commandant Kritzinger, are 15 miles from Richmond, in the direction of Murraysburg. Rumors are spreading at Porterville that the rebels have joined the Boers in the Calvinia district. The military commissioner of police at Johannesburg has warned the public to beware of the dangerous dynamite mines laid in the rand to protect the mines, as the authorities can not hold themselves responsible for injuries resulting therefrom.

British Garrisons Attacked.

London, Jan. 11.—General Kitchener sends news of a serious, simultaneous attack the night of Jan. 7 by the Boers on the British position between points 60 miles apart along the lines of the Pretoria and Lorenzo Marques railway. The losses on both sides were heavy. He says the Boers in a dense fog assailed the garrisons at Belfast, Wonderfontein, Nooitgedacht and Wildfontein. One British officer was killed and three wounded, while 20 men were killed and 59 wounded. He reports the Boer losses heavy.

Trekking In Force.

Cape Town, Jan. 11.—Five thousand Boers, supposed to be trekking west from Vryburg, are now making their way into the heart of Cape Colony. The supposition is that they have captured several small garrisons on the way.

Youngster Proved to be a Hard Hitter.

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 11.—Alec Lightbody insisted on singing "Ra" when principal Alloway asked him to sing "Do." Lightbody, who is but 14 got into a heated discussion about the chromatic scale and hit the teacher and cut his face and mouth so badly that the doctor had to be called. Alloway is a well known educator. The board of education will investigate the matter and determine by what right a fourteen year old pupil so severly chastized his teacher.

Japan was Opposed to McKinley's Plan

London, Jan. 11.—It is learned that Japan was almost solely instrumental in the passing up of President McKinley's plan for the transference of the Chinese negotiations from Peking to Washington. Japan was actuated by a fear that she would lose influence over China if the scene of negotiations were removed from the Orient.

HE RICHLY DESERVES IT.

Columbus, Jan. 11.—The state board of pardons was not impressed by the single argument brought up for the commutation of the death sentence of Ross Ferrell, and there is no doubt but he will go to the electric chair March 1st.

RUSH FOR ALASKA.

Seattle, Washn., Jan. 11.—The rush for Alaska shows unusual vigor for this season of the year. Three vessels have already sailed for Port for the North, taking about 200 passengers.

Lieutenant Barber.

Canton, O., Jan. 11. — The body of Lieutenant James S. Barber, nephew of the president, reached Canton, accompanied by the young widow, who made the trip from Hongkong, China. The funeral services and interment were held today. President and Mrs. McKinley sent a beautiful floral tribute from the White House conservatory.

Compelled to Disgorge.

London, Jan. 11.—Six brokers and outside speculators who engineered the recent collapse of Lakeviews and the consequent downfall of 18 firms, have been compelled to pay over £300,000 for the benefit of the injured firms under threat, it is reported, of an exposure of questionable transactions.

Severe Earthquake Shocks.

Berlin, Jan. 11.—Earthquakes are reported from the Silesian and Saxon mountain districts, especially Glatz, Hain and Friedland. In the vicinity of Dresden the movement was strong enough to throw persons out of bed. At Reichenberg several houses were destroyed.

Legally Strangled.

Camilla, Ga., Jan. 11.—Will Hines, a negro, was hanged here for the murder of Minnie Walker, colored.

Booz Inquiry.

West Point, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The five members of the congressional investigating committee held three sessions at the West Point academy in the endeavor to learn if hazing had caused the deaths of Cadets Booz and Breth. Three witnesses were examined. William P. Ennis, a cadet at large, was rigorously examined as to certain threats he made about reporting former Cadets Huetzler and Albert for every transgression of the rules of the academy so that they would be discharged on account of demerits. He protested that he did not do them any injustice. Cadet Keller, who fought with Booz, was made to tell the tale of the bout between himself and the Pennsylvanian on Aug. 6, 1898. His story was in every detail similar to that given by him before the military court last month. He told of his being knocked out afterwards by Cadet Williams in a round and a half.

Redmond's Prayer.

Dublin, Jan. 11.—At a meeting of the United Irish league in this city Mr. John Redmond, leader of the Irish parliamentary party, spoke most hopefully while appealing for funds of the prospects of the Irish cause. The Liberal party, he said, had gone to pieces because a large proportion of its members had been false to Ireland. The conservative government was engaged in perilous enterprises in China, South Africa and elsewhere, and he added: "I hope to God that the government will be overwhelmed by military and financial disasters at Cape Town."

French Rights Not Contested.

Paris, Jan. 11.—Senator Garreau, who defends the interests of the Breton fishermen in parliament, recently wrote to the minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, inquiring about the truth of the rumors of a possible abandonment of the French rights on the Newfoundland shore. M. Delcasse replied: "I can only repeat what I said two years ago in the chamber—our rights in Newfoundland are not contested and there is nothing to prevent their being exercised."

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Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

BUTTERFLIES SLEEP.

They Are Scarcely Distinguishable from Their Surroundings.

The butterfly invariably goes to sleep head downward, its eyes looking straight down the stem of the grass. It folds and contracts its wings to the utmost, partly, perhaps, to wrap its body from the cold. But the effect is to reduce its size and shape to a narrow ridge, making an acute angle with the grass-stem, hardly distinguishable in shape and color from the seed-heads on thousands of other stems around. It also sleeps on the top of the stem, which increases its likeness to the natural finial of the grass. In the morning, when the sunbeams warm them, all these gray-pied sleepers on the grass-tops open their wings and the colorless bennets are starred with a thousand living flowers of purest azure. Side by side with the "blues" sleep the common "brown heaths." They use the grass stems for beds, but less carefully, and with no such obvious solicitude to compose their limbs in harmony with the lines of the plant. They also sleep with their heads downward, but the body is allowed to droop sideways from the stem like a leaf. This, with their light coloring, makes them far more conspicuous than the blues. Moreover, as grass has no leaves shaped in any way like the sleeping butterfly, the contrast of shape attracts notice. Can it be that the blues, whose brilliant coloring by day makes them conspicuous to every enemy, have learnt caution, while the brown heaths, less exposed to risk, are less careful of concealment? Be it noticed that moths and butterflies go to sleep in different attitudes. Moths fold their wings back upon their bodies, covering the lower wing, which is usually bright in color, with the upper wing. They fold their antennae back on the line of their wings. Butterflies raise the wings above their bodies and lay them back to back, putting their antennae between them, if they move at all.—London Spectator.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

SAGE SAYINGS.

The best creed is kindness.

The more a smoker fumes the less he frets.

It is easier to run into debt than it is to crawl out.

Criticism has become by usage to mean adverseness.

Silence speaks much, words more and actions most of all.

The average dentist spares no pains to make his work satisfactory.

An egotistical artist says the sun gives him a sitting every evening.

The smaller the lad the bigger the polka dots he wants on his necktie.

Nothing angers a woman more than a man who refuses to lose his temper.

The Hon. Minister Wu says that Christian ideals are too far above us. He must know some of us.

Probably more epitaphs are written to show the wit or genius of the living than to perpetuate the memories of the dead.

It is reported that two brothers living on the north side look so much alike that they frequently borrow money from each other without knowing it.

SAVE doctors' bills by giving Foley's Honey and Tar to infants and children in time to prevent pneumonia or croup, which are fatal to so many thousands of BABIES.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Height of European Soldiers.

The height of soldiers in the various European armies does not follow that of the general population. The Italian conscript is the smallest, only 5 feet 5 inches. The French is an inch taller; the British 5 feet 7½ inches; the Irish, 5 feet 8 inches, and the Norwegian, the tallest, 5 feet 9 inches.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Interesting Bric-a-brac.

There are doubtless in every large city in the country larger and more valuable collections of bric-a-brac and art furniture than that to be found in the private apartments of the executive mansion, but it is a question whether there is in the length and breadth of the land any other half so interesting. Rarity is, of course, a universal characteristic of the artistic gems scattered through the home of the presidents; but better than that is the fact that almost every piece is fraught with memories and associations that make it a prized possession. Of the whole number probably half are the gifts of kings and rulers—tokens of appreciation from friendly nations—and the remainder, having been fashioned especially for the White House, have no duplicates anywhere else in the world. —Woman's Home Companion.

ANECDOTE OF DONNELLY.

Famous Baconian's Venture In Machinery and His Hit at a Lawyer.

A good story was told some time ago in a little company of attorneys about the late Ignatius Donnelly's aptness at repartee, says the Minneapolis Journal. The incident occurred some years ago when Mr. Donnelly was sued by an agricultural firm to recover on some notes he had given for a machine on which it was alleged nothing had been paid. Donnelly put in the usual reply that the machine was not a good one and that he ought not to be required to pay the notes.

After conducting the examination the opposing attorney thought he saw a way to corner the wily Donnelly, and began by asking him:

"Mr. Donnelly, did you buy a machine like this in 1884?"

"Yes, sir," answered he.

"And some time after that did you buy another?"

"Yes, sir, I did."

"And now you purchased this machine?"

"Yes, sir, I bought it."

"Now, Mr. Donnelly, you were sued for the payment of each machine, were you not, and in each case you put in the same answer that you did in this case, that the machine was not a good one and was really defective?"

"Yes, sir, I believe so," replied the great Baconian.

"Now, Mr. Donnelly, please tell us why it was that after purchasing two machines of this company, both of which were poor and valueless, you went to them for a third," asked the attorney, with a triumphant glance around at his brother attorneys.

"Well," replied Mr. Donnelly dryly, "I presume it was for the same reason that after you had been beaten in the first two suits the company persisted in employing you to prosecute the third."

Ignatius Donnelly is best known as the author of an ingenious series of arguments to prove that the plays of Shakespeare were really written by the great philosopher, Francis Bacon, says the San Francisco Examiner. His contention includes the argument of the previous anti-Shakespearean writers that Shakespeare was illiterate and incapable of having made the classical allusions with which the plays abound, whereas Bacon was a profound scholar; that there are many striking parallelisms between the acknowledged writings of Bacon and those of the author of the plays, and that Bacon had a motive for concealing his connection with any work intended for the theater. In addition to this Mr. Donnelly claimed to have discovered a cipher running through certain of the plays, by means of which Lord Bacon, who was noted as an inventor and user of ciphers, explicitly announced his authorship of them. Donnelly's "discoveries" are certainly very ingenious and show a most painstaking familiarity with all the peculiarities of Shakespeare, but they have never been seriously considered by the critics most competent to pronounce upon the subject. In addition to this Donnelly was the author of "Atlantis, the Antediluvian World," and "Ragnarok, the Age of Fire and Gravel," both interesting and original books.

A BOOMERANG CURVE.

Pitcher Doheny Thinking of an Innovation In Baseball.

Eddie Doheny, the south paw pitcher of the New York baseball team, is in New York and wondering what the upshot of the present unsettled state of affairs in baseball circles will be.

"I expect everything will be straightened out in the spring," Doheny observed the other day to a Philadelphia Press reporter. "I hope so, for I expect to show that I am by no means out of it as a twirler. I haven't touched tobacco in any form in two years, leave liquor entirely alone and am in better condition than I ever was.

"I see they have abolished spring training trips. It's a wise move, as these trips didn't amount to anything. If the weather is good, you can get just as fit in New York as in the south, and the weather is just as likely to be good here as south. If a man can get the work, he's as well off one place as another. The main thing is to get into physical condition. Get that way, and you'll soon be able to handle the ball all right.

"No, I haven't invented any new curves. I've been thinking of it, though. They have corkscrew punches and scissors blows in pugilism, and I've been thinking of sprinting a boomerang curve—something that goes to the plate and then, just as the batter swings for it, breaks and comes back to the pitcher. I think that'd fool 'em as much as the windmill wallop or the whiplash upper cut does the scrappers."

Ontario Wants More Settlers.

According to a Toronto correspondent of the Pittsburg Dispatch a body of capitalists has contracted with the Ontario government under heavy bonds to place in Algoma, western Ontario, 500 settlers per month for five years. The representative of the capitalists, Mr. Clergue, sailed for England recently and will open emigration agencies forthwith. It is expected and hoped that the emigrants will be chiefly British and will consist largely of skilled workmen.

Automobiles on Rails.

A Rome correspondent says the Adriatic Railway company is experimenting with a new and special type of automobile designed for use on rails. Each vehicle can carry 12 persons, and they will be used for conveying passengers in districts containing a number of towns at no great distance apart. By this means it is hoped to provide a fast service in districts where it would not pay to increase the number of trains.

HE HAS SORE THROAT

And is Gargling With

TONSILINE

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails. 25 and 50 cents. All druggists. The Tonsiline Company, Canton, Ohio.

KITCHEN CHEMISTRY.

Miss Emma Sickels Plans a Reform Method of Cooking.

Foodstuffs as a fine art. A little laboratory just off the kitchen—a housewife who knows definitions and descriptions of physical and chemical properties, who will do a little analyzing for you in a quiet way before breakfast and who will break into the dinner talk with a chatty story of acids, alkalies, decomposition products and all occurrences in natural food material. Miss Emma Sickels, secretary of the National Domestic Science association, says dreams come true, and adds that she will establish a Chicago normal cooking school. Then she points to these to-be directors: John M. Stahl, secretary of the Farmers' National congress; Prof. G. Bamberger, superintendent of the Chicago Jewish Training school, and Mrs. Charles Wheeler. "Chemistry of foods will be our corner stone," said Miss Sickels, as she nodded her gray head and remarked: "I've had such a beautiful dinner. Your present cooking is so barbarous. I shall transform your kitchen and you will learn how superior nutritive value is to palatability." In the school that is to be founded there will be text books written by Miss Sickels and lectures on methods of food analysis with the illustrations of the awful results of wrong combinations. Diplomas will be issued to students who "master the principles governing dietary standards." After this course a young woman is qualified for marriage and a laboratory of her own, or she may answer advertisements for cooks versed in the composition of milk and milk products, eggs and meats, fish, cereals, breads, legumes, roots and tubers, fresh vegetables and fruits. She will know all about chemical action, why fried onions and ice cream bring about nausea, why cream puffs and lobster are not "proper" breakfast food and why mince pies and cheese sandwiches should not be eaten before retiring. It is a charming art; aren't you perfectly fascinated with it?" asked Miss Sickels. Then she went back to the dining room and picked up a fork. She put the fork into a piece of pie. That pie looked like "what mother used to make." Miss Sickels has not selected her site.—Chicago News.

All druggists guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for lagrippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. nov1-4m

Depredations of Texas Coyotes.

Citizens of McMullen and adjoining counties of Texas are in a state of terror because of the depredations of coyotes, which are killing scores of cattle. Worse than that, the slinking brutes are spreading hydrophobia among the stock. A man living in Tilden was bitten by an infected colt and died in a few days. Ways and means of getting rid of the pests are being considered.

THOUSANDS SENT INTO EXILE.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vortkamp's corner Main and North streets. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

New Use for Bagpipes.

A new use for the bagpipes has been found by a Scottish Highlander who owns a sheep farm in a mountainous district of California, and is in the habit almost daily of playing his pipes all over the ground. The skirling has had the happy effect of scaring eagles out of the locality, in which birds of prey had formrely done considerable damage by carrying off lambs, and had even attacked grown sheep.

Consumption?
No fear of it, if you use

DR. JAMES'
CHERRY TAR SYRUP.

Pleasant to take—Prompt in results.

At drug stores.
25 cents a bottle.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SOME GOOD STORIES FOR OUR JUNIOR READERS.

The Enchanted Lake, a Place Found Only in Fairy Land—Jolly Bears, Grizzly and Frizzly, on Skates Upon This Lake.

The Toadstools.

Five little white heads peeped out of the mould
When the dew was damp and the night was cold;
And they crowded their way through the soil with pride,
"Hurrah! We're going to be mushrooms," they cried.

But the sun came up and the sun shone down,
And the little white heads were withered and brown,
Long were their faces, their pride had a fall—
They were nothing but toadstools after all.

—Walter Learned, in Christian Register.

The Enchanted Lake.

Little Miss Rosy Posy was a good little girl, as all little girls should be, and she was very, very fond of fairy stories. She had always longed to meet some real fairies and have some real adventures, like those in the fairy tales. As she was so good, it was only natural that she should have her wish gratified, and one evening in early fall she was surprised to wake up and find a cute little gnome standing at the foot of her bed."

"Hello, Rosy," said the gnome; "don't you want to come and skate with the fairies?"

Rosy was too frightened to speak at first, but the gnome told her not to be afraid and come with him. The first thing she knew she was flying through space, over the housetops, and to her surprise, she was now clad in her warmest winter clothes, with a big feather boa around her neck and a fuzzy wuzzy muff to keep her hands warm.

Soon they came to the enchanted lake in Fairy Land. Rosy found that she now had on some pretty curved skates and the little gnome also wore a pair.

"Come with me," he said, and they skated off merrily over the vast lake.

There were great wide trees all round the shores, and a great big silver moon shone through them with a beautiful light, making the ice shine and shine again. The ice was perfectly smooth and seemed to give wings to the swiftly gliding skates.

After a while they met a funny little clown. The gnome, whose name, by the way, was Delfo, introduced the little clown to Rosy. The clown was called Flyaway.

Flyaway, Delfo and Rosy skated off together, and soon they met two jolly bears, Grizzly and Frizzly, who were enjoying themselves greatly on their skates. Every now and then they would stop and laugh as if at some joke, and soon all five were laughing heartily, they did not know why.

A band of light-winged and light-footed fairies came out from behind the trees and skated in fancy circles and figures around Rosy.

"Ring around a Rosy!" they cried in glee, and skated faster and faster, until Rosy could hardly see them. Then they disappeared suddenly, and this made Grizzly and Frizzly laugh harder than ever.

They skated on and on and came to the mouth of a beautiful frozen river, which shone like diamonds in the moonlight. They skated up this river until they came to the Enchanted Ice Palace of the Fairy Queen. The palace glittered with icicles and was the prettiest thing Rosy had ever seen. She was presented to the Fairy Queen and had a long talk with her. The queen told her that if she kept on being good she would always be happy, and Rosy found out afterward that what the fairy said was really true. After the Rosy was shown all through the palace.

Then Delfo and Flyaway skated back to the lake with her and Grizzly and Frizzly skated along with them. "Now, Rosy," said Delfo, "it is near morning and if you stay here till dawn you will vanish. So you must go back home. And I am sorry to say that you can visit Fairyland only once in your life, unless the Fairy Queen wills it otherwise."

Rosy was sorry to go, and Delfo, Flyaway and the two bears were sorry to have to say good-bye to her. Delfo took her to the woods and showed her where her home was, not far away. She quickly got there, but when she woke up the next morning she could not see the Enchanted Lake anywhere, but hopes every day that the Fairy Queen will call her again to see Grizzly, Frizzly, Flyaway and Delfo.—James A. Wales in New York Herald.

A School Garden.

Many German school boys and girls, besides learning reading, writing and arithmetic, have regular classes in cabbages and potatoes. Sometimes on Wednesday afternoons, and sometimes on Friday, whole classes of neatly dressed, yellow-haired children may be seen marching through the streets with their teacher at the head of the procession, on their way to the school garden. Many German cities, but especially Leipsic and Plauen, in Saxony, have set aside a plot of land not far from the schools, where all sorts of vegetables and plants are grown. These afternoons spent in gardening are really the best kind of vacations, and the boys and girls enjoy them hugely. Here they learn how to transplant trees, how to sow all kinds of different seeds, why the cabbage is first cousin to the cauliflower—for with the gardening they are taught botany—when turnips should be pulled and how to tell when a melon is ripe. Not only do they have useful vegetables in these gardens, but weeds are also planted, each variety being properly labeled, so that every boy will know its name. Then there are poison ivy and other poisonous plants in a plot by themselves and each pupil learns to recognize them, so that he may avoid them in the woods. At the school garden in Leipsig there is also a beautiful little pond full of water plants of many varieties, with a pavilion near at hand, where the boys and girls may find a shelter if a shower comes up. It is a wonderfully interesting sight on a bright afternoon to see this Leipzig garden swarming with children, some picking strawberries, with the teacher explaining what strawberries really are botanically, how they put out runners and how they should be transplanted, cultivated and protected in winter. And sometimes, though these German boys are wonderfully well behaved, a strawberry sips into a small mouth. Others may be seen catching cabbage caterpillars, others hoeing and raking. All this not only brings vigor and interest to the pupils, but it inspires them to start little gardens a home, where they take the greatest interest in putting their learning into practice. German children have only four weeks vacation in summer, although they have two weeks at Christmas, two at Easter, and a fall vacation of two weeks in October. So that these school gardens help to give them more outdoor life. Every two weeks the gardener has a circular printed and distributed telling what plants are in bloom, what fruits are ripe, and so on, so that every child may see them, in this way learning botany by actual observation on the ground. This is the more necessary because German city children have very little opportunity of seeing how the wild plants grow, as most of the forests and fields which are uninhabited are posted with notices forbidding any one to enter. The school gardens are open all day long, and every day but Sundays and holidays, and they are very carefully attended by skilled gardeners, so that they may be models of perfection for the children to follow.

A Rattlesnake Trap.

Rattlesnakes were the most dangerous wild animals with which the early settlers of New Jersey had to contend. They were very numerous, and their bite, if not treated properly at once, was generally fatal. In "Stories from American History" F. R. Stockton cites an incident which gives an idea of the abundance of rattlers in the new colony.

In a quarry, from which the workmen were engaged in getting out stone for the foundations of Princeton college, a crack in the rocks was discovered, which led downward to a large cavity; and in this cave were found about twenty bushels of rattlesnake bones. There was no reason to believe that this was a snake cemetery, to which the creatures retired when they supposed they were approaching the end of their days; but it was, without doubt, a great rattlesnake trap. The winding, narrow passage leading to it must have been very attractive to a snake seeking retired quarters in which to take its long winter nap. Although the cave at the bottom of the great crack was easy enough to get into, it was so arranged that it was difficult, if not impossible, for a snake to get out of it, especially in the spring, when these creatures are very thin and weak, having been nourished all winter by their own fat. Thus year after year the rattlesnakes must have gone down into that cavity, without knowing that they could never get out again.—Youths' Companion.

Way to Make Fudge.

First be sure that it isn't going to bother any one to have you in the kitchen. Unless mother or cook is more than willing to have you try this recipe, the fudge may not turn out well. Friday evening or a stormy Saturday afternoon is conducive to good fudge making. Butter two tin or agate pie plates. Take a saucepan which will hold about three quarts. Put in the saucepan, before you put it on the stove, three even cups of granulated sugar, one cup of sweet milk, a piece of butter the size of an egg and two squares of unsweetened chocolate. It is not necessary to grate the chocolate. Two heaping teaspoons of cocoa will do in place of the chocolate. Stir this mixture all together, and put it on over a moderate fire. Stir it occasionally, especially after it begins to boil. Boil it ten minutes from the time when it first boils up hard. It will then have begun to sugar around the edge of the saucepan. Take it off the stove, add a scant half teaspoon of vanila, and stir briskly for about two minutes, then pour it out on the buttered plates. Be very careful not to stir it so long that it stiffens before it is poured out, nor so short a time that it will not be creamy. The fudge proper is never hard nor brittle, but it will melt in the mouth.

Why Is He Called Turkey?

Why the turkey is called a turkey has been much discussed without reaching any definite conclusion. One theory is that the turkey named himself by his peculiar "cluck," which sounds like "turk, turk, turk."

The fire of genius isn't always capable of making the pot boil.

TABLE MANNERS.

Old-Time Girls Not Superior to Ours Today.

The greater approach to equality between the sexes in affairs of business sport and outdoor pleasures is sometimes deplored as tending to impair feminine daintiness and charm. It is true that there are women in whom frankness become exaggerated into a wholesome fresh-air breeziness and frankness becomes exaggerated into a mannish bluffness far from desirable. Nevertheless, these exquisite old-time ladies of whom we hear so much could not, in the heyday of rich brocades and sweeping courtesies, be compared to our golfing girl of today without suffering in many respects by the comparison. Our girl is cleanly, sweet and rosy as a flower; patches, powder, pomade, strong perfumes and rouge made up much of their atificial charm. Their manners, too, were often only artificially fine, and when nature broke through, countesses flung candlesticks across card-tables and duchesses pinched their maids. A few years farther back and it was worse still. Imagine the most careless wayside picnic of cyclists or trampers, for which such cautions on table manners as were published in 1673 for the ladies of England could be necessary? "Do not lean your elbows on the table." "Discover not by any ravenous gesture your angry appetite, nor fix your eyes too greedily on the meat before you, as if you would devour more than your throat can swallow." "Do not eat spoon meat so hot that the tears stand in your eyes or that you thereby betray your intolerable greediness." "Fill not your mouth so full that your cheeks shall swell like a pair of Scotch bagpipes." "It is uncivil to rub your teeth in company, or to pick them at or after meals with your knife or otherwise." These suggestions being addressed to the mothers and young ladies, it is not surprising to find the little girls—"the female younger sort," as they are quaintly called—adjured to avoid smacking their lips in eating, putting both hands to the mouths at once, gnawing their meat, gorging gluttonously, or coming to table with unclean hands and faces. The advice is admirable, and was doubtless not superfluous.—Youths' Companion.

Goshen, Ill.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Dear Sirs:—Some days since a package of your GRAIN-O preparation was left at my office. I took it home and gave it a trial, and I have to say I was very much pleased with it, as a substitute for coffee. We have always used the best Java and Mocha in our family, but I am free to say I like the GRAIN-O as well as the best coffee I ever drank. Respectfully yours,

A. C. JACKSON, M. D.

Best Emergency Ration.

So far the best emergency ration is one devised by American army officers. It consists of one pound of raw lean beef and one pound of bread, seasoned with salt and red pepper, eaten dry without cooking. One pound of the mixture sustains a soldier in good condition for twenty-four hours.

THE PERFECT WAY.

Scores of Lima Citizens Have Learned It.

If you suffer from backache
There is only one way to cure it.
The perfect way is to cure the kidneys.
A bad back means sick kidneys.
Neglect it, urinary troubles follow.
Doan's Kidney Pills are made for kidneys only;
Are endorsed by Lima people.

Mr. R. Edmond of 416 east North street, machinist employed at the D. & M. railway shops, says: "I was troubled for a long time with my back and kidneys and it was only after using Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at W. M. Melville's drug store, that I got a remedy which was effectual in relieving me. I suffered much from constant aching through my loins and if I stooped, sharp twings of pain caught me. The kidney secretions were irregular, unnatural and distressing. It was from the fact that I knew others here in town who found Doan's Kidney Pills reliable and effective that I concluded to try them. I am now glad that I did for they relieved me promptly and effectually."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents a box. Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Lunatic on His Dignity.

A story is told of an Irish lunatic who believed himself to be the Deity. What is known as "a woman of an inquiring nature" visited the asylum and asked him if he knew all things. He answered, "Yes, madam, I know all that has happened, is happening and will happen." "Then tell me," said the visitor, "shall I be saved or damned?" To her the lunatic, with amazing dignity, said: "Madam, I never talk shop."

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Nancy A. Fetter, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Nancy A. Fetter, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 8th day of January A. D. 1901.

J. E. FETTER, Administrator.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm of Haller & Emery doing business at the corner of Wayne and Baxter streets, has this day dissolved partnership. John N. Haller retires. Earl E. Emery will make all collections and settle all accounts.

Signed, JOHN N. HALLER,
EARL E. EMERY.

Jan 8-3w

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

There's no medicine to equal the Bitters for strengthening the stomach, stimulating the liver and kidneys, cleansing the entire system or to prevent Constipation, Insomnia, LaGrippe and Malaria Fever and Ague. Try it.

Australian Caves.

The eastern portion of Australia is rich is cave systems, mostly in limestone formations, several, such as the Jenolan, Yarrangobilly and Wombeyan, being of considerable extent, although only partially explored. Most of the caves, which are generally of a highly picturesque character, are in charge of caretakers appointed by the colonial government.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Lucinda Brown, of the town of Teneska, Ballygawley, county of Tyrone, Ireland; Sallie Maguire, (maiden name Sallie Mulhern), of the townland of Salloon, parish of Maragheross, county of Fermanagh, Ireland; Reverand George McMeel, parish priest of Whitehill Chapel, parish of Maragheross, county of Fermanagh, Ireland, and John Brown Ferguson, of Teneska, Ballygawley, county of Tyrone, Ireland, will take notice that on the

15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1900,

James O'Leary, executor of the last will and testament of Henry O'Brien, deceased, filed his petition in the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, in case number 793, against the above named parties praying for the sale of the following real estate, situated in the county of Allen and state of Ohio, towit:

Being the north half of lot number four [4] in Rydmon's subdivision of outlot number five [5] Rose's subdivision of the east half of the southeast quarter of section number twenty-five [25] township number three [3] south, range number six [6] east, in said county, and state aforesaid, being the north half of a certain tract of land deeded by J. H. Meily to Frederick Andrae December 16th, 1863, and recorded on page 167 in volume 8 of the Allen county Records of Deeds;

Also, the south half of a lot of land described as follows, to-wit: Commencing in the center of the road running north from Lima on the township line, twenty [20] feet north of the northeast corner of lot number six [6] in Rose's subdivision of the east half of the southeast quarter of section number twenty-five [25] township number three [3] south, range number six [6] east; thence along said line five and six-tenth [5 6-10] perches north; thence west thirty-two [32] perches; thence south five and six-tenths [5 6-10] perches to within twenty [20] feet of the north line of said lot number six [6]; thence east thirty-two [32] perches to the place of beginning, containing one and twelve-hundredths [1 12-100] of an acre of land, be the same more or less, except a piece of land off the east end thereof two hundred [200] feet long, and being in width the full width of said south half heretofore conveyed to Ellen Gallagher.

Also, to-wit, the strip of land twenty [20] feet wide extending from the southeast corner of the following premises, to-wit: One acre of land off the west end of lot number five [5] in Rose's subdivision of the east half of the southeast quarter of section number twenty-five [25] township number three [3] south, range number six [6] east; thence east on the south line of said lot to within two hundred [200] feet of the county road, running north on the township line between German and Bath townships, and being twenty [20] feet in width off the south side of said lot number five [5].

Praying for the sale of said real estate in order that the executor of the estate of Henry O'Brien deceased can comply with the conditions of his said trust and sell same. That said parties are required to answer on or before the 2nd day of February, 1901, or decree will be taken against them.

JAMES O'LEARY,
Executor of the estate of Henry O'Brien, deceased.

By MOTTER, MACKENZIE & WEADOCK,
His Attorneys.

Dec. 21-thafr-6w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 1989.

Execution Docket 13. Page 17.

Harmon Kibber, Plaintiff,
vs.
The Lima Iron Fence Co. et al., Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9TH, A. D. 1901,

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Being a part of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter, and the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section one (1), in township fourth (4), south of range six (8) east, in Allen county, Ohio, and bounded and described as beginning at a point in the west line of Greenlawn avenue in the City of Lima, where the south line of the Chicago & Atlantic (now Chicago & Erie) railroad right-of-way crosses said west line of said avenue, the center line of said avenue being the east line of said section one (1), and where said line intersects the south line of said Chicago & Atlantic (now Chicago & Erie) railroad right-of-way 35 and 65-100 chains from the northeast corner of said section one (1).

Thence south along the west line of said avenue three hundred and nine feet and six inches (309-6); thence west at right angles with said avenue three hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches (322-6) to the east line of Broadway; thence north along the said east line of Broadway three hundred and nine feet and six inches more or less to the south line of the right-of-way of said railroad company; thence east along the south line of said right-of-way three hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches more or less to the place of beginning containing three (3) acres more or less.

Appraised at $1,600.00.
Terms of sale: Cash.

E. A. BOGART,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 2nd, 1901.

Leete & Brotherton, plaintiff's attorneys.

Jan 4-11

NOTICE TO BOND BUYERS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of Lima, Ohio, until 12 m. January 14th, 1901, and opened at its office in the Holmes block, at 7:30 p. m. of the same day, for the purchase of bonds of $1,000.00 each, amounting to $15,000.00. Said bonds are issued pursuant to a resolution of said board, and according to sections 2b, 3993 and 3994, of the revised statutes of Ohio; are dated January 14th, 1901; bear interest at 5 per cent. payable semi-annually, and mature at the rate of $1,500.00 annually, payable in Lima, Ohio, beginning September 1st, 1902. Proposals must state the full amount offered, including premium, and be accompanied by a certified check on a Lima bank for $750.00 as a guarantee that the bonds will be accepted at the price offered. The right to reject any and all proposals is reserved.

ASA CATT, Clerk.

Lima, Ohio, December 14th, 1900.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Omega Oil

SORE THROAT is dangerous and calls for prompt treatment. The quickest, safest, surest cure known is Omega Oil. First rub the throat thoroughly with this liniment, and then saturate a piece of flannel with it and bind around the neck. Omega Oil is splendid for Bronchitis, Swollen Tonsils, Difficult Breathing and Cold in the Chest. It is better than anything else in this world. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Any druggist will supply you, or the Omega Chemical Co., New York, will mail a bottle prepaid for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps.

FREE MESSENGER SERVICE.

Your ad carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

CALL—The Times-Democrat or American District Telegraph Office.

Messengers furnished for all other purposes, by A. D. T. Co., at a nominal charge.

WHEN INSURED IN THE

"NORTHWESTERN"

YOU CAN REST ASSURED THAT YOU ARE INSURED.

O'CONNER BROS.

GENERAL AGENTS O'Conner Block, Lima O.

R. E. DAVIS, E. L. THOMAS, Special Agents

"SAN FELICE"

Is the cigar you should choose as a holiday gift. Do not make the mistake of buying cigars haphazard.

The "San Felice" is a perfect cigar, tried by time and proved by America's most fastidious and exacting smokers. You can make no mistake in choosing it, as it perfectly suits the tastes of all smokers and will be received with delight instead of suspicion.

Everybody knows how good the "San Felice" cigar is. For gift purposes the "San Felice" in boxes can be obtained at all our dealers.

For sale everywhere.

HENRY DEISEL&CO.

LIMA, tf OHIO.

Talking Machines Special Prices.

Graphophones $5 to $50, complete stock records.

Edison Phonegraphs at closing out prices.

Violins, Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins AT COST. See our stock

B. S. PORTER & SON,

12 South Main Street.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square.

FIRST CLASS BARBER SHOP

Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done to order. Special room for ladies hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor

DR. W. N. BOYER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to RECTAL DISEASES and DISEASES OF WOMEN

ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block, Take Elevator. Bell 'Phone 333.

2-Tue Thu Sat 3-mo.

DR. DERBYSHIRE,

Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to diseases of the nose, throat and lungs. Office Cahill block, corner Main and Spring streets. Entrance on Main street.

30-sat-mon-tf New 'Phone 655

American Twang Cured Stammering

An American newspaper man, recently returned from South Africa, speaks bitterly of the dislike manifested to Americans by the Australian troops. He says that a New South Wales man, suffering from a fearful stutter, came to call on him in Cape Town. Curiously enough, the Australian caught something of the American twang, and, equally curiously, when he did so the stutter disappeared. "Why don't you always talk United States?" the American inquired. "Because I'd a b—b—blame sight s—sooner—sooner stutter," was the answer.

"Societe de la Dotation."

In France there is a "Societe de la Dotation," a combination of charity and encouragement to thrift. Its object is to assist parents of the poorer class to save for their daughters the dowry that French custom makes inevitable in forming a respectable marriage arrangement. The parents contribute in small sums collected from them monthly by the society a total of only £4 or £5, and the society undertakes, if the payments have been regularly made, to find the girl when her marriage is settled a dowry of £20. The wife of the president of the republic is one of the patronesses, and another of these women is the empress of Russia.

RISE OF HARMSWORTH.

British Editor's Success Largely Due to His Wife.

MARRIED AN IDEAL HELPMEET.

How London's Millionaire Journalist Was Aided by His Wife, Whom He Married When He Was Twenty-one—Mrs. Harmsworth's Advice on Marriage—Their Country Home.

Alfred C. Harmsworth, editor and owner of the London Daily Mail and various other newspapers and magazines, has made fame and millions at the age of 33, writes Lavinia Hart in the New York World.

Mr. Harmsworth is one of the most successful men ever known to journalism, and a large factor in gaining that success has been his wife. When Alfred Harmsworth was married 12 years ago, he had no capital except the genius which had had no opportunity to make itself manifest, a pleasing, convincing personality which won for him the confidence of those he needed and a knowledge of human nature which is the salt of all success. To this last rare gift he owes the happy choosing of a wife who has been a potent power behind the throne, who has been not only a wife whose beauty and hospitality blessed his home, but a companion, helpmeet, counselor, sympathizer and incentive.

When Mr. and Mrs. Harmsworth married, she was a slip of a girl, and he was 21. Mr. Harmsworth then occupied an editorial position on The Illustrated London News, where he was studying the business in every detail with a view to getting out a journal of his own.

Shortly after his marriage, before he was 22, this enterprising young man issued the weekly publication called Answers, which was the starting point of his great success. Today Answers is one of the best paying publications in England. Then young Harmsworth and his young wife put their heads together and pored day and night over the material that was to fill the columns of their literary venture, whose success or failure meant the shaping of their future life. No policy for this paper was decided upon, no plans carried out, no experiments tried, without first consulting the young wife and partner, the matter of fact acknowledgment of her partnership being one of Alfred Harmsworth's first master strokes.

Today Alfred Harmsworth stands at the head of his profession and is known throughout the world as a genius, but the subtle power which directs that genius, which keeps it within the bounds of conservatism, which comprehends and loves it and understands the world which is its market—that power is his wife.

Mrs. Harmsworth is a tall, typical English beauty. Her manner is English in its graciousness, her voice is English in its well bred softness and the beauty of its modulation. "Every one ought to marry, you know," said Mrs. Harmsworth, with the manner of one who knows. "It is a woman's sphere and a man's success. I don't believe single men ever attain the best there is in them. It is but natural they should not, because their natures are incomplete without the softening, tempering influence of woman."

"Yet the careers of many men have been wrecked by marriage?"

"Exactly, and if a bad marriage wrecks a man's life it helps to prove how greatly marriage counts. But every one owes it to himself to marry well."

"Socially and financially?"

"No. That is not always well and counts little toward marital success. But the way to be happily married is to marry one who has the proper attributes to complement one's nature. Then the union forms a perfect unit, and there is nothing in the world that will not yield to such a combination. Social success, professional success, financial success and that greatest success of all, real happiness in the home—all these are possible to the man and woman who marry well."

"But isn't there a large element of chance about its proving to be well?"

"Oh," with a delicate uplifting of the brows, "do you think so? I don't.

"In the first place," continued Mrs. Harmsworth, "it is necessary to 'know thyself.' That is quite possible, for we're not such enigmas as we sometimes like to think. And if we are perfectly honest, which it is to our interest to be, we must recognize our short suits as well as our long ones. Then all that remains is to find some one who will fill up the suits."

"Now, isn't it true that most girls spend more time on the details of their trousseau than they do on the details of the man's private character?"

"Half the girls don't know until they are married whether a man dislikes reading or has a decided literary bent, whether he prefers to dine at night or midday, whether he's a believer or an atheist, whether he's horsy or a prude, whether he wants to live in town or the country or whether he detests the prattle of children or looks forward to the joys of parenthood. All they know is he has a great deal of money or a title or good social position or a certain fascinating manner that leads them to believe they are 'in love.' So they are married. The consequences of such marriages you see about you everywhere. They are the majority, and they are what convince the cynic, who looks to effects and overlooks causes, that marriage is a failure.

"Of course if a girl's temperament is such that it requires money and material things to satisfy it then it is well that she should marry money. For my part I require something more, and I knew I had found it in the vigorous mentality, the wholesome simplicity and the determined ambition of Mr. Harmsworth.

"When we were married, we began at the beginning. I shall always be grateful for that. The girl who marries a man after he has attained wealth and fame loses the very best part of it. From the time I was old enough to realize I hoped it might be my lot to be a part of my husband's success. I believe that wish has been fulfilled. At least he says so. In the beginning we had not much except hopes and ambition. But they were the same hopes and ambitions, and we worked toward them together. We were happily mated. Our tastes were similar, and we had taken the pains to discover the affinity in our dispositions before marriage.

"Mr. Harmsworth was inclined to be moody—most men are—and I was versatile. At times he was all business, his head and heart filled with schemes and projects, and I was all business too. I listened to the schemes and projects as they were unfolded to me. I saw them from a woman's point of view and criticised them accordingly, which Mr. Harmsworth could not do, and so it was a help.

"At other times he was wearied of business. A word of it would have irritated him. Then I was wearied of business too. He wanted music; we went to the opera. Or green fields; we drove into the country. He longed to angle for trout; we followed the stream. Or he wanted to get out of England anyway, so we traveled a bit, with a sure relapse of the business fever, and home we came and glad of it.

"Every woman ought to fit herself for matrimony and get married, for if she doesn't some worthy man may miss being great through the want of her influence. Now, I don't mean by that," said Mrs. Harmsworth, smiling, "that a man's genius is his wife. Concerning the vital, fundamental qualities which make his success, he must possess them, and he succeeds entirely on his own merits. Sometimes a genius lacks courage, sometimes he lacks faith in himself, sometimes he is so diffident the world never hears of him, and sometimes he is so bold and frank he would show his whole hand before the time is ripe.

"While a man may possess all the elements of greatness in himself, he needs a wife, for it is in the nature of things that nothing in itself should be complete or perfect. A great mill may be perfectly constructed, but it needs the pressure of the water before it turns out work. An ocean liner is a wonderful piece of construction. We know that it is as nearly perfect as a vessel can be, that all the parts are there, accurately weighed, measured and fitted, but it doesn't begin to break records until the fuel is piled on. And when it gets to shallow water, when there's a rocky basin or a harbor lined with mines, it's perfectly helpless without the little bit of a pilot boat that guides it safely over rocks and tactfully avoids the explosives.

"A woman may be any one of these necessary adjuncts in a man's life. For my own part I have endeavored to be an unceasing encouragement to my husband and any sort of a commentary adjunct he needed at the time. I could never have edited his papers. I could not even have written for them. I have none of the qualifications for a genius. I am not clever. I would have to be American for that. But I can keep house in the best sense that housekeeping means, and you would have to be English for that. I mean the sense that covers everything in the keeping of a home, from a sufficiency of logs for the open fires, which you deprecate here, and a complete stock for the larder to the filling of the rose bowls, the service of the wines, the flooding of the sunshine into every room from wing to wing and the atmosphere of home that is so strong in our English houses. England is a country of homes, you know, and every one who can afford it keeps a country place, where life can come so much nearer to the ideal."

"And yours?" "Is in Surrey—Sutton Place. It's one of the oldest places in England, having been built in the early part of the sixteenth century. I always love to get to it and regret to leave it. Its gardens and conservatories are beautiful. I'm a great gardener, you know. I don't just dig and plant, but I'm really the head gardener at Sutton Place, and I've studied horticulture as an art." "And housekeeping?" "Not as an art, but a real profession. Next to the study of human nature—a particular male human nature. I mean— housekeeping is the best paying profession a wife can follow."

I have always heard that "there are no wives like English wives." If Mrs. Harmsworth comes to us as a sample, I believe that Britain is justified in her claim.

High Towers For Weather Observers.

The Eiffel tower was erected merely for the purpose of demonstrating the possibility of constructing a building 1,000 feet high and of providing a unique attraction for the Paris exposition of 1889. A time is likely to arrive, however, when Eiffel towers will be widely sprinkled over the surface of the globe. The United States weather bureau will soon equip 50 of its more important display stations with steel towers which are now under contract, says the Milwaukee Wisconsin. They will not be 1,000 feet high, but if they were it would be an advantage. The most serious need of the weather bureau at the present time seems to be facilities for taking observations in the higher atmosphere.

The Glory of the German Universities.

The German universities on small endowments have in every field of human knowledge done more, says the London Spectator, for the extension of truth and culture during the last hundred years than probably all other academic institutions put together.

MISS KELLER ABLE TO TALK.

Famous Deaf, Dumb and Blind Woman Learns to Speak.

Helen Keller, the deaf, blind and heretofore dumb student at Radcliffe college, the other day astonished and delighted the freshman class, of which she is a vice president, by making a short address, says a Boston dispatch to the New York Herald. It was at a class luncheon in Fay hall, and Helen, who has recently become able to make sounds which can be understood by those familiar with her, responded when called upon by the chairman.

She spoke only a few words in a low, unmodulated voice which did not lack in strength and was even musical. Up to this point she has mastered but comparatively few words, but Miss Sullivan, her constant companion and guardian, can now understand her quite readily, as can others who have become accustomed to her.

Miss Keller, who is now 19 years old, shows a steady improvement in her new and wonderful accomplishment. Even those who know her and her remarkable mental capacity express astonishment at the headway she is making. Her first public utterance before her fellow students at Fay hall was applauded rapturously.

Every day she has long conversations in her own way with Miss Sullivan, who some time ago could understand her only from the movement of the lips. Now she takes up words and sentences and repeats them until she improves in tone and modulation. A Cambridge physician who happened to pass Miss Keller and Miss Sullivan as they were about to enter the ground of Radcliffe college recently was astounded, according to his own statement, to hear the young woman talking to her guardian. The words at first seemed to be indistinct, but a moment later he was able to catch several words of the one sided vocal conversation, for Miss Sullivan can only communicate with her ward by touch.

He said: "It was most remarkable. Having personal knowledge of what had been done and the difficulties to be surmounted, to hear her talk seemed to me almost like a miracle, and it seems as if one could predict almost anything for this girl."

Miss Keller is an eager student at Radcliffe. All of her time is taken up with her studies, which include French, English and history.

LAYING NEW BRIDGE CABLES

Engineers Preparing For the Job. How the Work Will Be Done.

The engineers for the new East river bridge have under way the preliminary work for the laying of the cables, says the New York Sun. There will be four, each 19 inches in diameter and each containing 10,000 wires. The whole weight of the cables alone will be about 4,500 tons. When the cables are made, they will be divided into 37 strands, containing 280 wires each. The four cables will be laid at one time, the wires being strung back and forth from each side of the river. Eight strands will be made simultaneously, the wires will be parallel and will be adjusted to the original guide wire.

There will be a false wire rope driven by an engine for carrying the wire across the river. The wire rope will carry a large rolling wheel. The wire will be reeled on large spools standing on each anchorage. One end of a wire is fastened to the anchor bars, and the bight of the wire passes around the rolling wheel, which moves on a carrying rope over the river. This wheel carries two wires across the river at one time. These two wires are together, and while they are being adjusted another wheel on the other side of the rope travels backward and carries two wires in an opposite direction, the idea being that while one gang of men adjusts the two wires, which will take about ten minutes, two new wires will be carried over on the other wheel for the men to adjust.

After 280 wires have been taken across the river and adjusted they are tied together and become a strand. The strands will have an open eye or loop at the end, which will go around a casting known as a cable shoe. When the strands are completed, they will be formed into a cylindrical cable by large steel clamps, which serve also to hold the suspenders which connect the floor system to the cables.

Church's Novel Scheme to Raise Funds.

A novel scheme has been adopted by the Washington Street Baptist church in Orange, N. J., for raising money to make improvements in the church building. The scheme is the collection and sale of old newspapers, says the New York Times. All the boys and girls in the Sunday school are employed in the work. For each 100 pounds of paper the children receive 5 cents. The papers are in turn sold by the church to a paper box manufacturer for $9 a ton.

Oscar Wilde's Last Bonmot.

Oscar Wilde's last bonmot was characteristic of his genius for inversions, writes the London correspondent of the New York Sun. When told that he must undergo an operation, he said at first that he could not afford the fee. The point was pressed by the surgeon. "Very well," said the patient, with a flash from the ashes of his old spirit, "I must die beyond my means."

Drunkenness and Length of Skirt.

At the rational dress convention the other day Viscountess Harberton made the statement that drunkenness in women increases in exact proportion to the length of their skirts, says the London Golf Illustrated. Twelve or 14 inches from the ground is the correct length according to the laws of hygiene. This is about the length allowed by lady golfers.

Are Your Lungs Sound?

If there is the slightest tendency toward consumption in your family, you need Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil. Don't wait for the wasting of disease to begin. Get it now and fortify yourself. It builds sound, healthy flesh, makes rich, red blood. It has saved thousands of lives in all cases in pulmonary and kindred diseases when all other remedies have failed.

Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil

with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, is the best remedy for consumption now known to medical science

It is the latest development in this branch of therapeutics. It contains all the value of the best Norwegian Cod Liver Oil without the faintest trace of grease or odor. Sold at all druggists, $1.00 a bottle.

KATHARMON CHEMICAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SUGAR FOR HORSES.

Good Results by Mixing the Brown Variety with Other Food.

I have found that the addition of a pound of fair quality of moist brown sugar to a horse feed of chaff and corn doubles its work-producing power and that, therefore, the ordinary feed may with this aid be greatly reduced in weight, without proportionately reducing the efficiency of the animal getting it. When no other feed is obtainable, says a writer in the Contemporary Review, a few pounds of flour, mixed with enough water to make them easily drinkable, have great staying power, but few horses would take this, however hungry, unless they had at some previous time been made accustomed to it. I have known horses, when there was little grass, habitually rob the camp of fresh, salt or dried meat. It is even more certain that no horse would touch flesh unless at some time accustomed to it. What strange food gramnivorous animals will eat, when habituated to it, is almost beyond belief. In Iceland horses and cattle are frequently fed on dried fish. I have known sheep to eat meat, fruit, bread, pastry and the like, and even tobacco in considerable quantity, without harm ensuing. During the early times of the diggings, when gold was being found in large quantities and horse feed, beyond the grass, was not procurable, many of the rich claimholders fed the horses used in their work on the mine with bread sooner than suffer delay. Bread, even unleavened, is better food for horses than raw flour and water, but it takes time to prepare, and is rarely available on an emergency, while flour is much more likely to be. In Singapore it is not uncommon for horses to be given a loaf of bread soaked with a bottle of beer, which they eat greedily.

GEMS OF SHAH.

Persia's Monarch Has the Most Valuable Collection on Earth.

The shah of Persia has more precious stones than any man in the world. In his palace at Teheran he keeps $10,000,000 worth of t... in a glass jar and loves to let the almost priceless gems trickle through his fingers.

His crowns and his thrones are marvels of oriental magnificence. The Kanjanian crown is shaped like a flower pot, with the small end open and the other closed, having at the top an uncut, flawless ruby as big as a hen's egg. Two Persian lambskin caps are adorned with splendid aigrettes of diamonds, and there are gauntlets and belts innumerable covered with pearls and diamonds, the handsomest being the Kanjanian belt, about a foot deep, weighing about eighteen pounds—one dazzling mass of diamonds, pearls, emeralds and rubies. Drinking bowls studded with jewels, swords, one or two of which are worth a quarter of a million each, epaulets of diamonds and armlets so contrived that the brilliants revolve and keep up an ever-changing scintillation, seem to realize the wonders revealed by Aladdin's lamp in the cave. The first place among the gems belongs to the famous Draya-i-Nur, or Sea of Light, sister diamond to the Kohinoor. It is an inch and a half long, an inch broad and three-eighths of an inch thick.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

was used 50 years ago! It may save your life some day—it has saved lots of others. Always look out for a cough! There is one proved cure—Dr. Bull's.

It can't hurt even the smallest or sickest child—and it *cures.*

Refuse Substitutes. A.C. Meyer & Co. Baltimore Md.

Dr. Bull's Pills—a ... for the Bowels. At all dealers or will be sent by mail.

STAGE WHISPERS.

Count Tolstoi has completed a new play called "The Corpse."

There are ten miles and a quarter of rope used in hoisting the great scenes of Klaw & Erlanger's "Ben Hur."

John J. McNally is writing a burlesque on "The Gay Lord Quex," which will be shown in New York before the season is over.

Arthur Bourchier, at the Garrick, London, intends to revive soon "The Ladies' Battle," with Violet Vanbrugh as the Countess d'Autreval.

Virginia Earle has been engaged to appear with Edna May in the new Morton-Kerker musical comedy, originally called "The Golden Cup," but now rechristened "The Girl From Up There."

James T. Powers has scored heavily in a characteristic role. Lo, the mandarin's secretary, in that delightful musical production, "San Toy," which has made such a pronounced success at Daly's theather, New York.

Blanche Ring, one of the few vocalists who have dramatic talent by which they enchance their singing, is a Boston girl, the daughter of James Ring, for years associated with the famous Boston Museum stock company.

Howard Kyle will play the title role in the forthcoming production of Claude Fitch's beautiful and stirring revolutionary romance, "Nathan Hale." He has been with nearly all the tragic stars of the past decade, among them being Modjeska, Julia Marlowe, Margaret Mather, James Warde company and others.

CONSUMPTION THREATENED.

C. Unger, 212 Maple street, Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had the consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

BRIEF OBSERVATIONS.

Don't run if you want to catch your breath.

An event is a circumstance that seldom happens.

Exemplifying duty is better than explaining it.

In order to live long it is necessary to live slowly.

A girl's lover is a poor suitor if he does not suit her.

No matter how tall a man is he is not above criticism.

After nine days of wonder the puppy gets his eyes opened.

The job of police court judge is certainly a trying situation.

Many a man starts out to gather wool and gets fleeced himself.

The average man thinks other people need church more than he does.

No man ever expects his wife to make as many mistakes as he does.

A woman is never satisfied so long as there is anything she can't get.

When a woman is really reasonable, she can never give any reason for it.

It is a sin to steal a pin—especially if it has a diamond attached to it.

IT GIRDLES THE GLOBE.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile cure. 25c a box at H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Rating Unimproved Land Values.

The system of rating on the unimproved land values seems to be growing in favor with the local authorities of New Zealand. Hitherto the land and improvements have been equally liable to be taxed for local purposes, but a recent act of parliament made it optional with boroughs whether they would continue the old system or adopt the method of taxing the unimproved values only. A good many boroughs are making the experiment in spite of the strenuous opposition of landholders. The boroughs adopting the new system are mainly those in which there are considerable quantities of land lying unimproved, being held in fact by the owners for a rise in values.—Robert M. Hacket, in Chicago Record.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

ALL THE NEWS.

THE SUPERIOR TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE OF THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT IS DUE TO THE FACT THAT THIS PAPER PUBLISHES THE DISPATCHES OF EVERY PRESS ASSOCIATION COVERING THIS FIELD TO WIT: THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, THE SCRIPPS-McRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION AND THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION. FOR ALL THE CABLE AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS UP TO 3 P. M. EVERY DAY, READ THE DAILY TIMES-DEMOCRAT, AND GET ALL THE NEWS SENT OUT BY THSE NEWS-COLLECTING AGENCIES.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

Another of Alger's quartermasters has been caught, with marked money on his person. This Captain King was appointed from Iowa in 1898. He had a political pull. He knew how public contracts were managed in civil life and he tried the same plan in the army.

He was assigned to the inspection of some work at Fort Morgan, in Alabama, and he simply blackmailed the contractor. He was most severe in his exactions till the contractor "fixed" him. The contractor, having been engaged in government work before, was not used to this kind of thing and he told. Detectives were put on the case and the blackmailing quartermaster was caught red handed.

There need be no surprise about this. Official exaction of a share of the profits of a contract is surprising in the army, but not among the class of volunteer officers commissioned by Alger, who bring into the service the same ethical standards which they employed in securing their appointments. One of the fundamental merits of the army reorganization bill, before it was altered in committee, was the provision for ridding the service of such cattle.—Philadelphia Times.

The director of the mint has just completed his final estimate of the world's production of gold and silver in 1899. This estimate places the total output of gold at $306,584,900, and that of silver at $100,321,100. The United States contributed $71,053,400 of the gold and $32,858,700, or nearly one-third of the silver. But for the war in the Transvaal the director says the gold output would have been about $25,000,000 greater. Mexico and the United States produce two-thirds of the silver of the world. Australia leads the United States $8,000,000 in the production of gold, and the decreased production of Africa is $73,227,000, or over two millions in excess of the United States. Canada, through the Klondike and Russia from Siberia yield respectively 21,324,000 and $22,167,000.

Some of the Protectionist newspapers are contending that the reductions in internal taxes agreed upon in the house, and likely to be made larger in the senate, will so repair the revenue that it will not be prudent to further cripple the treasury by the adoption of any of the reciprocity treaties negotiated under the provisions of the Dingley Tariff act. This contention is directly opposed to the recommendation of President McKinley. It is also based upon a misapprehension of the effect of the reciprocity treaties. In so far as they modify the present prohibitory duties on certain articles of import their effect will be to increase the revenue and not to reduce it. Some other and more pertinent reason must be found for smothering the reciprocity treaties in the senate.

And the War Is Over.

A majority of our volunteers cannot leave our peaceful Philippine provinces until several thousand regulars go over there and relieve them. This emphasizes once more that the war is over.—Exchange.

Sad to Contemplate.

It is to be feared that John Hay may carry his resentment against the country to the extreme of going over to London to live and Willlewaldorfastorizing himself.—Kansas City Times.

SPECIAL

Venire Drawn to Fill the Petit Jury.

Four of the Original Members Excused for Cause—Two Prisoners Charged With Assault.

Four of the petit jurors, chosen to serve during the January term of court have been excused for good cause, and Judge Cunningham authorized a special venire this morning. Those whose names were drawn to fill the vacancies are F. C. Povenmire, of Fourth ward; John Amstutz, Bluffton D. E. Call, Perry township, and John Thomas, Sixth ward.

TWO FOR ASSAULT.

Isaac Myers, of Lima, and Edward Butler, of Elida, have been received at the county jail on the charge of assault and battery.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

E. A. Bogart, sheriff, to B. F. Southworth, inlot 471 in Delphos, $119.

Jacob B. Showalter and wife to Alpha Ditzler, lot 1252 in Jacob's addition, $875.

Parkson Grant to Orrin Grant, inlot 84 in Beaver Dam, $50.

Chas. Naus to Dora A. Harrod, 11½ acres in perry township, $400.

Chas. Naus to Dora A. Harrod, 60 acres in Perry township, $3,000.

E. A. Goodwin and wife to Addie Wright, inlot 466 in Spencerville, $40.

J. D. Watt to Samuel Jones, lot 2367 in Watt's addition, $800.

Libbie Erick and husband to Village of Delphos, inlot 464 in Hunt & Higgins' addition to Delphos, $500.

A RECEIVER

Asked for by the Alexandria Gas Company.

The Anderson Trust Company is Appointed Receiver by the Court.

A telegram from Indianapolis says: Judge Baker, of the United States court, today appointed the Anderson Trust company receiver of the Alexandria Gas company. The trust company will be required to give a bond of $15,000.

The application for a receiver was made by Friend M. Aiken, of Lima, Ohio, and Albert J. Redway, of Cincinnati. They allege that in 1897 the company authorized $80,000 worth of bonds to be issued, that the plant might be extended.

Aiken claims that he invested $26,000 in capital stock of the company and that he and Redway bought $26,000 worth of the bonds. They charge that about $48,000 worth of bonds were issued to E. R. Week, Alfred M. Weeden and other incorporators of the company without any consideration, and that Smith Weeden and the others continue to hold their stock.

J. M. WOLCOTT,

A Prominent Resident of the South Side,

Died This Morning at the Age of Nearly Eighty Years—Is Survived by His Wife.

J. M. Walcott, a prominent and aged resident of the south side, died at 7 o'clock this morning from kidney trouble after suffering an illness of two weeks duration. The deceased was a retired funeral director and had lived in this city at 751 south Main street for eighteen years. He was born in Fairmount, W. Va., reached the age of 79 years and 8 months and is survived by his widow.

Arrangements for the funeral services have not been completed.

Subsidy Amendments.

Washington, Jan. 11. — The senate committee on commerce agreed to make several additional amendments to the ship subsidy bill. One of these extends the benefits of the bill to ships engaged both in the foreign and the coastwise trade, such as those of the Panama railroad line. These amendments grant subsidy to the extent that the cargo is foreign. Another amendment permits a majority of the owners of a steamship to sign contracts with the secretary of the treasury instead of requiring all the owners to sign.

"Little Colds" neglected—thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds—cures big colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

MINSTER

Well is Proving to be One of the Big Ones.

Made a Good Showing at the Start and Opens Up Some Not Overworked Territory.

OIL STATEMENT.

The Buckeye Pipe Line Co. and other lines handling Lima oil.

Acceptances and vouchers	7,500,000 00
Credit balances	7,488,928 11
Total liabilities	14,988,628 11
Gross stocks	17,472,982 31
Sediment and surplus	2,484,954 20
Runs from wells	1,504,178 04
Other receipts	1,038,246 51
Total receipts	2,542,419 55
Regular deliveries	1,539,267 82
Other deliveries	854,027 10
Total deliveries	2,393,294 92

The American Oil company, consisting of Lima and Findlay oil men, has just completed a nice well at West Minster, a small town five miles east of Lima, comments the Toledo Times. It is reported that the well did better than 100 barrels a day when more than a week old. The well is all the more valuable from the fact that it is located in rather undeveloped territory. Another company, consisting of Findlay producers, is spudding for their initial well on the Blackburn farm at Buckland, in Auglaize county.

Walker in charge of the Jarecki store at Bowling Green, is an interested party in the above well. The company has 700 acres under lease. The well has created no little excitement in that vicinity.

A BIG OFFER.

Knight shot a well yesterday on his property close to Mungen, Lucas county, with 500 quarts of glycerine. It shook the earth up in good shape, it is said, but the demonstration resulting was not of as much significance as one might easily imagine. These immense shots are becoming quite numerous of late. Mr. Knight has 10 wells on the 80 acres, and was made a plump offer of $32,000 yesterday for the plant by an eastern man. The production is less than 50 barrels daily.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Thomas Golden and family, of east Eureka street, have moved to Dayton.

Mr. Will Lund who was visiting his sisters in Lima has returned home to his family in New Hampshire.

Mrs. R. M. Fry received the intelligence that her aged mother was dangerously ill with pneumonia at Groveport, O., and left last evening for that place.

Mrs. Coarior, of Bay City, Mich., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. F. J. Shavelia, of east Wayne street.

Mrs. W. C. Shoemaker, wife of the assistant superintendent of the C. H. & D., accompanied by their bright little son and Mrs. Shoemaker's mother, have gone for a three months' trip which will include points on the Pacific coast. They will be gone until the first of April, visiting Los Angeles, Santa Catalina Islands, and other equally famous resorts.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

UP AGAINST IT.

Athletic Club Has a Hard Time to Secure a Hall

For the Contest Booked to Take Place Between Kid Boop and Biz Mackey.

A hitch has occurred which may prevent the fistic contest advertised to take place in Lima between Kid Boop and Biz Mackey. The trouble has occurred in regard to the hall, which the Athletic club had supposed was absolutely secure. Mr. Wheeler has entered a protest and it will take several local attorneys to unravel the difficulty. The hall is leased to the Hibernians, through whom the hall was rented, but the question of a contract made with them depends upon whither the law would construe the contest as a prize fight or a boxing match.

F——I——S——H at Townsend's.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

Dressed Turkeys, Ducks, Geese and Chickens at Townsend's.

PHINNEY

Is Again in Hoc Over at Findlay.

Taken from Springfield on the Same Old Charge.

Case was to Have Been Given a Hearing Today—Subpoenas Served in This City Last Night. Police News.

Everett Phinney, the former Lima harness maker, whose domestic troubles during the time of his residence here were occasionally paraded, is again in trouble at Findlay on a charge of failure to support his children. His case was set for a preliminary hearing today and last night the local police received subpoenas from chief Ramsey, of Findlay, for Superintendent S. B. Floeter, of the C. H. & D., F. E. Baxter, Walter Rockey and Frank Phinney. Concerning Phinney's arrest the Findlay Republican says:

"Chief Ramsey returned last night from Springfield with Everett Phinney who is wanted here for not supporting his children by his first wife who lives here. Phinney is suffering from a fractured arm caused by a fall on a slippery sidewalk. He has retained W. F. Duncan as his attorney. He will be arraigned before Mayor Watson today."

TWO CASES.

Riley Point, who was arrested by detective Rulo day before yesterday for riding trains, was dismissed this morning, being already under bond to appear at the next grand jury session, for another alleged offense.

Michael Hughes, a laborer, is a prisoner on a charge of drunkenness. His case has not yet been disposed of.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

SUIT BROUGHT

To Collect Amount Claimed to be Due

On Bonds Issued by W. B. Strang, Jr., to Build Detroit & Lima Northern Railroad.

A telegram from Toledo says that the Bellefontaine National bank had brought suit in the United States court here today to collect $15,000 claimed to be due on bonds issued by W. B. Strang, Jr., to build the Detroit & Lima Northern railway. The court is also asked to restrain the sale of the St. Marys extension of the road to the Ohio Central until the bank's claim is paid.

1 to 1 1-2 pairs of lace curtains in various styles and qualities, to close out, at Bluems Special Curtain Sale for 1-2 regular value.

ALLEN HIVE NO. 197

Met at the regular review, Monday evening, January 7th, and installed their officers which are the following: Installing officer, Lady Sophrona Sheets; Deputy Michael acting as mistress-at-arms; past lady commander, Lon Green; lady commander, Ellen T. Shaw; secret commander, Julia A. Arthur; record keeper, Martha E. Hook; finance keeper, Sophrona Sheets; chaplain, Cyrennia Kennedy; mistress-at-arms, Kate Shelly; sargeant, Madge Stone; sentinel, Jennie Chandlier; picket, Catharine Caskey.

There will be regular review, Monday evening, January 14, in Donze hall. All members are requested to be present as there will be initiation.

PATHFINDER NOTICE.

Important meeting of Ontario Lodge No. 11 of the Pathfinder, tonight, at 7:30 in the new Tolan hall, corner of Main and Spring streets. A good attendance is requested.

Choicest Pickles and Preserves in bulk at Townsend's market.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

NOTICE.

The Pathfinder will meet tonight in their new quarters in the Tolen hall. Entrance on Spring street.

S. H. MARTIN, Sec.

Lots of dressed Poultry at Townsend's.

SHEETS' ADVICE

Is to Hold Onto Two Jobs, if You Can.

The Judge Appears to Believe That One Cannot Have Too Much of a Good Thing.

A telegram from Columbus says: Attorney General Sheets gave out a contradictory interview today in regarn to the right of Judge Noah Swayne, of Toledo, to sit as a presidential elector.

He was director in the Merchants' National bank when nominated, but resigned at once. At the annual election the other day he was re-elected. C. P. Griffin says this puts him out, but Mr. Swayne objects.

Attorney-General Sheets said: "In the first place, I do not regard the position of National bank director an office within the meaning of the prohibition, but lawyers are not agreed about it. I should say that if it was such an office, however, a person by accepting it after election as elector would abandon the office of elector. I am going to write to my friend Swayne, though, and tell him to stick to his office. They are not incompatible."

A cable net lace curtain in white only, at Bluem's Special Curtain Sale. $3.75 kind for $1.88 per pair.

DESERT FOR TODAY.

You need not worry about it if you have Burnham's Hasty Jellycon in the cupboard. Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and stand away to cool to secure the most delicious jelly. Absolutely pure gelatine, sugar and fruit flavors. Flavors: Lemon, orange, raspberry, wild cherry, peach, also unflavored "calfsfoot" for wine and coffee jelly. Your grocer sells it.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

Nottingham net curtains 48 in wide, at Bluem's Special Curtain Sale. $2.50 value for $1.25 per pair.

DIRE DISASTERS

Prophesied by Weather Prophet Marsh.

Weather Prophet W. W. Marsh has issued his predictions for 1901, which he says will be one of the most disastrous experienced in ages. Crimes, riots, earthquakes, bad crops, summer drought, cholera are among some of the evils to be inflicted upon Mother Earth. January is to be marked with disasters upon the Atlantic and the shores will, he says, be strewn with the dead. A cold wave is slated for February 15 and 17. The Ohio river is to have damaging floods. An earthquake is predicted for May 8 and a cyclone for June 12. The Ohio Valley is to share in the latter. The south is promised disasters from cyclone and tornado in August. Killing frosts are due in the Ohio Valley early in September, according to the prophet, and December is to have raging winter weather.

A CONTRACT ORDINANCE.

To authorize The Lima Electric Railway and Light Company of Lima, Ohio, a corporation, its successors or assigns, to furnish electric light for the streets, alleys, avenues and public places in the city of Lima, Ohio, for the term of ten years, and fixing the compensation therefor.

Be it enacted by the City Council of the City of Lima, Ohio, as follows:

Section 1. That the Lima Electric Railway and Light Company, of Lima, Ohio, a corporation, its successors and assigns are hereby authorized, engaged and empowered to furnish electric light for the streets, alleys, avenues and public places, within the City of Lima, Ohio, for the term of ten years, commencing February 1st, A. D., 1901, upon the following terms and conditions:

First. Said The Lima Electric Railway and Light Company, its successors and assigns shall furnish not less than one hundred and eighty (180) arc electric lamps, and said city agrees to use said one hundred and eighty (180) lamps, during the time named in this ordinance.

Second. If more electric lights are used or required by said city than the number above designated, the same shall be supplied by and procured from said company, and the price therefor shall be as hereinafter provided.

Third. Such lights shall be located by said company at such places within said City, as the City Council shall designate; but the present lamps shall be used in the places as now located, so far as practicable. Such lights shall be kept burning all night, commencing one half hour after sunset and continuing until one half hour before sunrise.

Fourth. Said company shall furnish reasonably safe, and improved form of electric lamps, of the candle power rated as nominally two thousand.

Fifth. The price to be paid by said City of Lima, Ohio, for lights furnished, shall be the sum of eighty-five ($85.00) dollars per lamp, per year, payable in monthly installments at the end of each and every month.

Sixth. Said company shall light the buildings and offices now owned or used by the City of Lima, Ohio, also all buildings and offices that shall be hereafter erected or owned or used by the City of Lima, Ohio, with arc or incandescent lights, the same to be during the term of this ordinance and without cost or expense to the City of Lima, Ohio.

Seventh. If at any time the said City shall desire the location of an electric lamp changed, it shall give said company written notice to that effect, stating the lamp which is to be removed, and the place in which and to which it is desired that the same shall be located; also whenever the City Council shall deem it necessary to have any poles now in use or that shall be hereafter erected, changed or removed so that the same shall cause less obstruction to any of the streets, alleys or public places, or for any other purpose, the said City of Lima, Ohio, shall give notice to that effect stating the pole or poles that shall be changed or removed and the place in which and to which it is desired the same shall be located; and all such changes above designated shall be made by said Company without charge or expense to the said City of Lima, Ohio.

Eighth. Should any lights not be kept burning, as provided herein, then a ratable proportion shall be deducted from the cost of such light for the time the same may not be burning.

Section 2. If said The Lima Electric Railway and Light Company of Lima, Ohio, shall signify its acceptance of this ordinance, within ten days after its passage, by filing such acceptance in writing with the City Clerk of Lima, Ohio, then the provisions of this ordinance shall be binding on the City of Lima, Ohio, and the said The Lima Electric Railway and Light Company, its successors and assigns, for the time herein specified.

Section 3. "The existing contract between the City of Lima, Ohio, and The Lima Electric Railway and Light Company, now in force, shall cease and terminate upon the first day of February, 1901, upon the acceptance of this contract by The Lima Electric said company is the successors and assigns said company is the successor and assign of said The Lima Electric Light and Power Company."

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed January 7th, A. D. 1901.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
jan 11-2t

A RESOLUTION.

To Improve North Metcalf Street, From McKibben Street North to the South Line of Ewing's Addition, by Grading the Same to the Established Grade.

Be it Resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That it is necessary to improve north Metcalf street in said city, from McKibben street north to the south line of Ewing's addition, by grading the same to the established grade.

Sec. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

Sec. 3. That the cost and expense of such grading shall be assessed per front foot upon the several lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and that such assessment shall be made payable at such time as may hereafter be determined and fixed by an assessing ordinance.

Sec. 4. That E. D. Randall be, and he hereby is appointed to serve notice of the adoption of this resolution upon the owner or owners of each separate lot and tract of land abutting upon said street between said points, who are residents of Allen County, in the manner prescribed by law.

Adopted January 7th, 1901.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Jan 11-fr-sat-2w

A RESOLUTION.

To Improve Cherry Alley From Eureka Street, South to Southern Terminus by Grading Same to the Established Grade.

Be it Resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That it is necessary to improve Cherry alley in said city, from Eureka street south to the southern terminus of said alley, about 206 feet north of the north line of Kibby street by grading same to the established grade.

Sec. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications therefor now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

Sec. 3. That the cost and expense of such grading shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and lands abutting upon said alley between said points, and such assessment shall be payable at such time as may hereafter be determined and fixed by an assessing ordinance.

Sec. 4. That E. D. Randall be and hereby is appointed to serve notice of the adoption of this resolution upon the owner or owners of each separate lot and tract of land abutting upon said alley between said points, in the manner prescribed by law.

Adopted January 7th, 1901.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.

A RESOLUTION.

To Improve Haller Street, From West Street to the Western Terminus of Said Street, by Grading the Same to the Established Grade.

Be it Resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That it is necessary to improve Haller street in said city, from West street west to the western terminus of said street, by grading the same to the established grade.

Sec. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

Sec. 3. That the cost and expense of such grading shall be assessed per front foot upon the several lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and that such assessment shall be made payable at such time as may hereafter be determined and fixed by an assessing ordinance.

Sec. 4. That E. D. Randall be, and he hereby is appointed to serve notice of the adoption of this resolution upon the owner or owners of each separate lot and tract of land abutting upon said street between said points, who are residents of Allen County, in the manner prescribed by law.

Adopted January 7th, 1901.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Jan 11-fr-sat-2w

A RESOLUTION.

Declaring it Necessary to Improve East McKibben Street, From Main Street to Liberty Street, by Grading, Draining, Curbing and Paving the Same.

Be it Resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That it is necessary to improve east McKibben street in said city, from the east line of Main street to the west line of Liberty street, by grading, draining, curbing and paving the same.

Sec. 2. That in the making of said improvement, a first class quality of three (3) inch asphalt block shall be used, on a first class 6 inch crushed stone foundation, and that said improvement shall be made in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications relating thereto, herein adopted, and now on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Sec. 3. That all public and private alley crossings shall, at the same time be improved in like manner as the balance of said street, from the curb line to the lot line.

Sec. 4. That the cost and expenses

Sec. 4. That the cost and expenses of said improvement, (less that portion of the cost of paving between the rails of the street railway, and eighteen (18) inches on the outside thereof, which portion of the cost shall be charged to and paid by The Lima Electric Railway and Light Company, its successors or assigns, as provided by the ordinance granting the privilege of constructing such street railway, and by the laws of the State, and less the cost of improving the public street and public alley intersections, the cost of the construction of catch-basins and inlets thereto, and 2 per cent. of the total cost, all of which shall be paid by the city at large,) shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and lands abutting upon said street between said points, and any and all assessments which, at the election of the property owners, are deferred, shall be made payable in ten equal installments and shall bear interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum, payable annually and the same shall be collected as provided by law and the assessing ordinance hereafter to be passed; and bonds bearing interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum, shall be issued in anticipation of the collection of such assessments, unless the property owners shall make payments thereof in cash within the time prescribed in the assessing ordinance, the amount of bonds which shall be issued to be the total amount of such assessments, less the amount of the assessments so paid in cash by the property owners: Provided, that the number of front feet owned by each of the parties petitioning for said improvement shall be taken to mean the number of feet their respective properties face or abut on that part of said street so to be improved; and provided further that the cost of improving each private alley and private drive-way crossing shall be assessed or charged to the parties for whose benefit the same is made, and against his respective property.

Sec. 5. That E. D. Randall be, and he hereby is appointed to serve notice of the adoption of this resolution, in the manner prescribed by law, upon the said, The Lima Electric Railwal and Light Company, and upon the owners of property abutting on said improvement, except those who have signed the petition for said improvement, and who have thereby waived service of such notice.

Adopted January 7th, 1901.

R. E. DAVIS
President of the Council

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Jan 11-fri-sat-2w

A RESOLUTION.

To Improve West Elm Street, From West Street to Cole Street, by Grading the Same to the Established Grade.

Be it Resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That it is necessary to improve west Elm street, from West street to Cole street, in said city, by grading the same to the established grade.

Sec. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

Sec. 3. That the cost and expense of such grading shall be assessed per front foot upon the several lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and that such assessment shall be made payable at such time as may hereafter be determined and fixed by an assessing ordinance.

Sec. 4. That E. D. Randall be and he hereby is appointed to serve notice of the adoption of this resolution upon the owner or owners of each separate lot and tract of land abutting upon said street between said points, who are residents of Allen County, in the manner prescribed by law.

Adopted January 7th, 1901.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Jan 11-fr-sat-2w

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

VISIT

Is Paid by Popular Railroader

To the Country

Noted for Its Fruits and Flowers.

Veritable Paradises of the Ever Sunny Land of the Southwest

As They Are Seen and Described by J. N. Johnston, the Popular L. E. & W. Conductor Now in California.

The following letter has been received by a member of the Times-Democrat reportorial staff from J. N. Johnston, the popular L. E. & W. conductor, who recently obtained an extended leave of absence to take his mother, Mrs. M. Johnston, of 546 east Kibby street, to Bakersfield, Cal. Mr. Johnston has a host of friends among the railroad men to whom his letter will be especially interesting. He writes in part as follows:

Santa Monica, Cal., Dec. 31st.

Dear Sir and Friends:—Have just arrived at this place and it is as far west as the land runs. You never hear the remark here of going west. I took dinner on board a large boat at the end of the wharf of the Southern Pacific railway about a mile out from shore on the Pacific ocean. I have talked with lots of people at home that have been here but never dreamed it was such a fine place as it really is. It is simply grand and I am unable to give the kind of a discription that I would like or that would do justice to the place, but will in my feeble way give a menger sketch as I see it and leave room for your imagination to draw the rest. I arrived at Bakersfield at 5 o'clock, Friday night; I left mother there and went to Los Angeles, about 200 miles south, arrived there at 10:30 a. m., Saturday. We passed through some very fine fruit farms and over the mountains have a double header on a passenger train. Large engines at that with nine cars in the train. We stalled on one hill, pulled out a draw bar, doubled the hill, delayed about one hour. I amused myself by starting some large stones down the mountain side. It reminded me of some shows I have seen where the villian was thrown out of the window of a three story building and down through a sky light, and you could hear them a long time after they were out of sight.

I got off the train at one station picked a couple of oranges that grew in the depot yard. The trees are simply breaking down with them and a sign is posted on the fence inviting you to help yourself. Think the railroad company is astiwng pains such signs—looks so to me anyway. Los Angeles had about 15,000 people in it before I got there. There was quite a big crowd at the depot when my train arrived. I hurried away to my hotel without attracting any special attention, had a good night's sleep in my private apartments, which were arranged in a few moments after I spoke to the tavern keeper, who was a very nice sociable fellow and asked me of I had any baggage to take care of I told him that all my baggage would be down in the morning. He thanked me and said 25 cents please in advance. I think it would be better to carry a little baggage, as it saves considerable "hot air" work, which is usually wasted. Well I went up town next morning, was not feeling as good as I would like for a place of this kind. I saw a familiar Milwaukee sign, but they sell it at a fancy price retail. The best way is to buy by the wholesale. My second order went in this way. Everything looked good to me. Then I left for Santa Monica Beech. Landed there at 11:30 a. m., passed the Soldiers' Home en route. It is a fine home and lots of old soldiers are here. The farm is covered with fruit of all kinds, large palm trees around the houses and flowers by the million of every description from the sunflower to dog fennel. The Dayton home at its best is no comparison. Took a bath in the Pacific December 31st; it is quite a large body of water; did not try to swim across it. I took a dive the first thing and struck bottom, so I know how deep it is anyway; also had a bath in a plunge of warm sea water. I got some water in my eyes and nose; it is the real thing. Got back to Los Angeles at 5 o'clock this evening and could not find the tavern right away. I thought they had moved. The landlord was glad to see me, and said supper was ready for me in the kitchen. "Just go back and tell Malinda," I did. Malinda is the boss cook, head waiter and chief dish washer of this place, she cuts quite a figure in this place as well as all the steaks and pies. I am going to Pasadena tomorrow. There is "big doings" there New Year's day. Carnival of Roses. January 1st I expect to have some fun there, maybe. My regards to all the boys and girls. Was going to close here, but mentioned girls, so will have to tell you about them now. I saw them out at the park Sunday, some of the finest specimens of the fair sex I ever saw in my life. I got quite close to some of them, and must say they will stand the closest inspection. That's where I felt at ease with myself, and stepped around among them about right. There were some old "hens" there too that looked like the Altman-Taylor advertisement. Will close this for the present, wishing you all a happy New Year.

J. N. JOHNSTON.

MRS. MARY OLNEY

Dies At Her Home On the South Side, From Jaundice.

Mrs. Mary Olney, wife of John Olney, of 918 south Elizabeth street, died yesterday afternoon at 4:40 o'clock of jaundice, after an illness of five months duration. The deceased was 46 years of age. She was born in Erie county, Pennsylvania, but had been a resident of Lima for a number of years. The remains will be interred in Woodlawn but the funeral arrangements have not been completed.

THE IDLER.

Another of those smooth strangers with an oily tongue was successful in roping in a bunch of victims last night and collected about $80 in less than eighty minutes for about eighty cents worth of brass. It was an old game but it worked. Every purchaser was reminded that if he paid a dollar for a loud watch chain and a pair of glass cuff buttons, he would later on be presented with a handsome and valuable present. Of course the chain and buttons were well worth the price as they were warranted goods, but it was what was to come after that would tickle the vanity of the man who was looking for something for nothing.

The crowd on the square was at once hypnotized and the fakir used both hands in unloading his jewelry, the process being accompanied by a continuous metalic clink as the silver dollars were dropped with noticable ostentation into the yawning maw of his leather satchel. When the rush was over the licensed stranger instructed everybody who had made a purchase to hold on to it until he returned to distribute the presents. Then when the minutes began to pile up and the fellow failed to return, the victims slipped away to hunt a nice quiet little spot where they could kick themselves without danger of being arrested for assault and battery. Everybody who bought a watch chain last night hold up his hand.

* * *

H. B. Hall, who has been in the employe of the Columbia Shoe company here for the past six years, leaves next week for Cincinnati, where he has accepted a position with the big house of Smith-Kassa company.

* * *

Charles A. Hiatt, the genial clerk at the Mammoth clothing store, who went to Columbus to undergo an operation, is still at the hospital, but favorable reports have been received from him and everything promises a complete restoration to a sound physical condition.

* * *

A telegram from Rev. George R. Stuart to Rev. Figley, of Trinity, states that he will reach Lima this afternoon and will preach at the evening service at Trinity M. E. church.

* * *

Roy C. Cramer expects to leave next week to accept a lucrative position in the paint department of the Toledo Wagon Works. Cramer is "shust der" man, and when he comes home for a visit in June he will bring it with him.

WANTED.

WANTED—A competent girl for general house work. Apply at 618 east Market street. Good wages. 6-3t

FOR SALE—Special bargain 6 room house, lot 50x216 feet, 100 barrel cistern, good cellar, abundance of fruit on west Spring street. E. P. Wilkins, 21 and 22 opera house block. 6-3t

WANTED—A woman cook at the Hotel French. 1t

G. E. BLUEM. | 57 Public Square. | G. E. BLUEM. | 57 Public Square.

The Great Inventory Sale.

A GRAND TRADING CHANCE.

Not a special offering of a few under-priced lots, but a grand aggregation of good reliable merchandise. Its the store's stock reducing time. A time when we do not study loss of profit; a time when every item of surplus goods in every department is priced with the one object of closing the lots out at the shortest possible notice. A good trading time for our buying public; a time when dollars do nearly double duty. Just seven days does this sale continue, and they'll prove to be the biggest seven days selling in this store's history. Some of the bargains are exploited here, but there are scores of other bargains equally as good which for want of space cannot be advertised. We invite you to come during sale week; come as early as possible. It will pay you, pay you well.

This Sale Begins on Saturday, Jan. 12, and Will End on the Following Saturday Night, Jan. 19.

Silk and Dress Goods Reductions.

Gone through the whole stock, picked out the surplus lots to be disposed of during this sale. Have marked them at prices that will dispose of them. If you're interested in Silk or Dress Goods buying you'll be interested in these items. Remember what we said about getting first pick.

Wool Dress Goods.

One lot of wool plaid Dress Goods worth 50c per yard, for.....25c

Plain Home Spun Dress Fabrics at 50c per yard that are worth much more.

You will also find other special good bargains

Fancy Silks.

Several lots of Fancy Silks at bargain prices.

$1.00 values go at.....50c

75c values go at.....37½c

Wool Challies

In small neat figures, 50c qualities to close o it at.....25c per yard

Domestics and Linen Bargains.

The standard staple stocks come into line with prices so reduced that you can well afford to anticipate your needs for some time to come. No busier section of the store during sale time, and the reason why it is so busy is every statement made is honest; every promise will be faithfully kept.

12½c Light Percale, one yard wide, for.....6¼c

12½c Dark Percale, one yard wide, for.....6¼c

Standard prints, all dark styles, at.....4c

Cotton Towelings

Looks very much like linen, worth 6c per yard, for.....3c

White Quilt, extra size, hemmed, at $1.19, special.

White Fringed Quilt, full size, at.....$1.50

Wool Fascinators at one-half and less than their regular selling price.

Fancy Eiderdowns, 50c qualities for.....25c

White Goods.

A fine white dimity worth 25c, for.....18c

40c quality for.....25c

Blankets and Comforts Sacrificed.

No space for long introduction. The prices tell their own story. Read it.

Wool Blankets

At $4.00, 4.50, 4.75, 5.00, 6.00 and 6.75, somewhat ruffled up by being handled so much during the holiday trade, go at ¼ and ⅓ of their regular values.

Comforts.

Only one case of Comforts, worth $1.38, for.....$1.00

Choice Furs.

Electric seal and moeflun collarettes, for.....$2.98

Sabledge collarettes of electric seal and coney, for.....$4.00

Princess collarettes of electric seal, 6 tails, were $10.00, for....$6.75

Princess collarettes with marten top collar, were $11.50, for....$7.50

Sable dyed scarfs of river mink, 6 tails, were $2.50, for.....$1.50

Sable wolf scarfs, six full tails, were $6.75, for.....$5.00

Genuine marten scarfs, 8 marten fur tails, $12.50, for.....$8.50

New seal jackets—nothing more popular in fur wear; in appearance the nearest approach to Alaska seal.

All our $38.00 jackets for....$25.00

All our $60.00 jackets for....$45.00

Near seal and mink jackets for.....$50.00

Near seal jackets with Persian lamb cuffs and reveres, was $48.00, for.....$38.00

Most liberal reductions in Fur Scarfs, Collarettes and Jackets.

This is Your Cloak Chance.

Many of you are waiting for just this chance. Season has been away off, but there's hard winter weather ahead for nature always compensates. All of these stylish outer garments at your disposal and at a fraction of early season's prices. The garment stock must move and we've taken the right course to do the moving.

All our children's jackets at ⅓, ¼ and ½ less than our usual low price.

Misses' 14, 16 and 18 size jackets and box coats, all reduced.

Kersey jackets that were $18.50 are.....$10.00

Kersey box coats that were $15.00, are.....$10.00

Kersey jackets, Le'Aiglon collars, are.....$7.50

Frieze jackets, box front are...$4.00

Ladies' Jackets that are of elegant material and latest designs.

Wide wale cheviot jackets $18.50, for.....$12.50

Black kersey jackets $15.00, for $10.00

Narrow wale cheviot jackets $16.50, are.....$10.00

Finest quality kersey box coats for.....$18.00

Automobiles, 42-inch lengths, in tan, black and costor.....$18.00

A great assortment of jackets, blacks and colors for.....$5.00

Ladies' two piece tailor made suits, fly front jackets, five piece skirt, were $25.00, for.....$12.50

Diagonal front jacket suit, flaring collars, flounce skirts, $25.00, for.....$12.50

Box front jacket suit, inverted plait back skirt, $18.00, for.....$9.00

Fly front jacket suit, 3 gore, inverted plait back skirt, $17.00, for.....$8.50

Tight fitting venetian cloth suit, inverted plait back skirts, $20.00, for.....$10.00

Home spun cloth suits, $12.00 for.....$6.00

A wide range of cloths and styles of homespun, cheviot, venetian, etc., in colors and black, for.....$6.00

Winter Hosiery and Underwear Must Move.

All the reserve stock brought to the front. All the lots so price—reduced that they'll fairly out cry bargains. No better time to replenish than now.

Children's Wool Hose.

A splendid bargain, 50c value for.....25c

Children's Fancy Hose.

Winter weight, 50c and 60c quality, all go at 25c per pair.

Boys' Heavy Cotton Hose

At 19c per pair.

Men's Underwear.

Heavy fleeced lined, well worth 50c, go at.....35c each

Children's underwear in natural and grey, small lots to be closed out at one-half price.

Kid Glove

Only in small sizes, 5½ and 6, worth from $1.00 to $1.50, will be closed out.....35c per pair

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS. SUIT HOUSE.

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

Rheumatism cured by Ath-lo-pho-ros

Sold by all Druggists. Send for Free Booklet to The Athlophoros Co., New Haven, Conn.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

A carb-uncle is a jewel of a relative.

Yearning for riches is the mother of discontent.

Life and coat buttons often hang by slender threads.

It is folly to draw a bill on a blind man payable at sight.

A man may be regular in his habits and yet have bad habits.

Unless you have faith in your ability you can never win a battle.

Necessity may bring a man into court, but it knows no law.

A man's character is often shown by what he considers laughable.

Speak kindly at all times if you would hear only pleasing echoes.

A married man says that he was always fond of tongue—and he likes it still.

Probably you never saw ghosts walk, but you may have heard the dead march.

Men resemble needles: when they are broke women have no use for them.

When a man forgets to ask his wife if she needs any money it is a sign the honeymoon is on the wane.

A ship is probably called she because the rigging costs so much and it always keeps a man on the look-out.

A western man speaking of a cyclone said it would have blown his house away had there not been such a heavy mortgage on it.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY.

A set of false teeth is an emblem of time.

The man who possesses a million is a capital fellow.

Every little vice is the subject of a lot of advice.

Many a married man who isn't exactly smart is shrewd.

The baker may not want for bread, but he has his hour of knead.

Love doesn't laugh at the minister, and he is love's lock-smith.

A schoolboy says there are too many switches on the road to knowledge.

When a tricky jockey holds the reins the race isn't always to the swift.

Some men are so very good that it is a question what they are good for.

When it comes to word painting the sign painter is at the top of the ladder.

In the pulpit and on the stage the supply is often inadequate to the demand.

Some baseball players are so brave that it is almost impossible to get them to run.

Love makes the world go round only when the lovers are intoxicated with happiness.

A sporting man says the only way it is possible to beat the weather reports is to play them to lose.

The north pole is much like a woman's pocket, we all know where it it should be, but we can't find it.

When one woman is inclined to be charitable and doesn't care to express her opinion of another she merely says she is queer.

Uniformly kind, courteous and polite treatment of all persons is one mark of the true man or woman.

BEAT OUT OF AN INCREASE OF HIS PENSION.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Dirrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican dirrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for dirrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all druggists.

Costly Christmas Eating.

Probably 50,000,000 pounds of turkey are consumed every Christmas in the United States, which, at 10 cents a pound, would represent a value of $5,000,000. Cranberries come to at least $500,000 more, and it is surely not an overestimate to suppose that 10,000,000 mince pies would come to $1,000,000.

J. A. Lambert of Rachel, N. C., writes: "I heartily endorse Foley's Kidney Cure. It does what you claim it will do, and there is nothing equal to it, and I thank you for the good it has done me." Accept no substitute. H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Humorous Agricultural Experiment.

An intelligent farmer has discovered that by planting onions and potatoes in the same field in alternate rows, the onions become so strong that they bring tears to the eyes of the potatoes in such volume that the roots are kept moist and a big crop is raised in spite of the drought.

SHOPPING IN PARIS.

Purchase Money Returned for Cut Lengths of Cloth.

In one matter all the greater Paris gloves, artificial flowers and ribbons, and this however long a period may have elapsed between their purchase and their return. Of course it is understood that the object, whatever it may be, has not been worn or used in any way, but even so, the fact that even of such perishable items as kid emporiums have made a curious rule, and one which does not tend to make them popular with Paris husbands and fathers of families. While insisting rigorously on the ready-money principle, they yet will return the full price in exchange for any goods, whether consisting of a cut length of silk or satin, a costly piece of furniture, or each purchase is, as it were, only taken on approval tempts many foolish women to invest in more things than they would otherwise do. Some French women have developed quite a mania for thus temporarily acquiring the loan, as it were, of a hat or mantle, and every great shop has a black list of ladies to whom goods are not sold on these terms. Still, it is quite common to hear a Parisenne observe during the course of an afternoon call: "Yes, the —— is a very obliging shop; I kept a dress length of silk by me for two years, and then, having no use for it, I took it back; to my surprise they gave me the full price." Two points of interest may be noted in the conduct of the great Paris shops. One— that although there are frequent "expositions" or "exhibitions" of certain lines of goods, there are, in the American sense, no periodical sales. It must, however, be admitted that on exposition days certain lines then put on sale are often offered considerably under the usual prices. To give an example, during an exhibition of white fabrics it sometimes happens that a certain line of table linen, differing both as to quality and pattern from that usually on sale, will be offered during the three days the exposition lasts at a very low price, and later it will be impossible to obtain the same pattern, even at a much enhanced cost. The other point—of even greater importance to the American visitor—is that while no great shop has cared to add a cafe to its other attractions, it generally has a reading room, where all the leading papers may be seen, and where friends can arrange to meet.

Chapped hands, cracked lips and roughness of the skin cured quickly by Banner Salve, the most healing ointment in the world. H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Making Mountain Peaks Accessible.

For the last half century much has been heard of the perils of mountaineering. But while graphic pictures continue to be drawn of the horrors of the Alps on foot, with guides and ropes, no one has yet told the trusting tourist of the dangers which may await him if he climbs the heights of Switzerland in a railway. The aerial tracks are rapidly increasing all over the playgrounds of Europe, and in time perhaps it will be proved that all mountain peaks may be made accessible to the child, the invalid and aged. Those who desire exciting times even when climbing by rail should go to the Alps in spring, when the mountains are unburdening themselves of their heavy load of winter snow and the work has commenced on the precipitous railways in preparation for the summer traffic.

TRIED FIVE DOCTORS.

Mrs. Frances L. Sales of Missouri Valley, Ia., writes: "I had severe kidney trouble for years, had tried five doctors without benefit, but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me." H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

A FEW IFS.

If trusts trusted—
If Justice ruled—
If people who pose were deposed—
If we could learn how to succeed.
If peace, not piece, was the order—
If there was more whoa to our woe—
If coal and mercury were tied together—
If we could hypnotize a few people we know—
If it would rain in April and snow in December—
If honesty was always the most successful policy—
If honesty was always the most successful policy—
If the rewards were always to him who earned them—
If people would remember that right is right—on the street—
If more people who think would act and more who act would think—
If those who called for the war the loudest were the most willing to pay the taxes—
If we could hear the truth and nothing but the truth without making it the whole truth—
How different this old world would be.—Milwaukee Journal.

TRANSPORTATION'S FUTURE

George H. Daniels' Brilliant Predictions For the New Century.

When one considers that just 100 years ago it took the president of the United States several days to make the journey from Philadelphia to Washington by stagecoach, where now the journey is accomplished in about as many minutes as it then took hours, one stands aghast at the progress that has been made during the nineteenth century and must perforce remain dumb before any prophecy, not in fear of overstatement, but rather the opposite, says George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, in the New York Herald.

Does it not, then, seem reasonable that, no matter in what stretch of imagination we may indulge ourselves in the matter of prophecy, we cannot overstate, for the reason that, with an industry less than a hundred years old which has achieved such wonders, there is no limit to the possibilities that shall be evolved in the coming hundred years?

This is the age of transportation. It underlies all material prosperity. Those states and nations are the most rich and powerful whose transportation facilities are the best and most extended. The dying nations are those with little or no transportation facilities.

With pooling declared unconstitutional, concentration of ownership was inevitable, and this movement is likely to increase to the betterment of the system, the cheapening of tariff and the insurance of higher speed and safer means of transit. I do not mean that there is any possibility of the railroads of this country coming under government control, for I am of the opinion that the sound common sense of the nation would repulse any movement to that end. Under corporate control there is a more perfect system than could be possible under government auspices.

NEW WAY TO TRAVEL.

Two Men on an Overland Journey In a Tourists' Wagon.

There passed through Chattanooga a few days ago a unique overland tourists' wagon drawn by two strong horses, a hunting dog running beneath it and two men on the front seat. The men are Herman Dalwigk and Charles F. Hirsch of Hoboken, N. J., who started from New York to go to Mexico by carriage about three months ago. Mr. Hirsch said:

"At home we are commercial travelers and have been old friends for years. Some people go to Europe, but we wanted to travel through the United States, and this is our way of doing it. We travel when we please and rest when we wish to. In rainy weather we don't travel at all, but lie up wherever the rain happens to strike us. We have two guns, and our dog is a good one, so we kill all the meat we want.

"We do all our own cooking and carry a large supply of provisions. We are bound for a tour of Mexico and Texas, and we have been three months out from New York and expect it will be three months before we start home. When we are traveling, we go leisurely and average not over 20 miles a day.

"No; we do not sell anything, and we are not out for profit except to our health. We don't want to start when the whistle blows, and there's nothing of the drudge life in this existence. We live as high as we please, eat and sleep when we want to, hunt and fish as the spirit leads us and sometimes go to church if we happen to strike a town on Sunday."

Across the front of the wagon in plain letters is this motto: "As we journey through life let us live by the way." Beneath this inscription are the two shotguns in convenient cases, protected from rough weather, and yet handy for emergencies in case it is desired to ward off highwaymen or kill deer.

REV. STOKES' TABLE GOLF.

Millionaire Clergyman Invents a Game Like Tiddledewinks.

The Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., the millionaire assistant rector of St. Paul's church in New Haven and the secretary of the Yale faculty, has invented a table game of golf, says the New York World. Just what the principles of the game are is unknown, but the young clergyman has applied for a patent on it.

The Rev. Mr. Stokes is a golf enthusiast and plays daily at the New Haven Country club. A private exhibition of the table game was held recently. It is said to resemble tiddledewinks in some way. The Rev. Mr. Stokes will engage in the manufacture of the implements for the game.

New Kind of Horse.

At a recent meeting of the London Zoological society a communication was received in which the probable discovery of a new species of horse in the great Kongo forest was announced. The description of the animal was furnished by Sir Harry Johnson, who said that his attention had been directed to the existence of a horselike animal in this region from the fact that Stanley had mentioned that the Dwarfs had a name for the horse. He had obtained portions of the skin, which are to be forwarded to England for critical examination, says the New York Post. It is clear that the skin does not belong to any known zebra or wild ass. The belly and leg stripes are irregular, with a chestnut border, and they look very much as if other parts of the skin were either a uniform dun or dark gray. In the discussion which followed the presentation of the letter it was suggested that the animal in question was an undescribed antelope which was thought to exist in this region.

FOR FIRE ENGINES.

New Device Which Adds to the Efficiency of the Machines.

Fire engine No. 39, on its way to a fire, whirling and rocking behind three big plunging bay horses, looks like an irresistible force to which one might well give a wide berth, says the New York Mail and Express. But it is not so dangerous as it appears, for by a recent invention applied first to that engine for a test the driver from his seat in the box can bring the great machine to a full stop within the space of its own length. For a long time the fire department has felt the need of making the brake so long in use more efficient, and from suggestions made by Chief Croker, who is ever looking for new devices with which to equip his splendid department. Engineers C[illegible]son and Schurnbersky of engine No. 39 invented a brake attachment which meets the long-felt want. The invention consists simply of a cog wheel and "dog" acting as a lock upon the brake and easily worked from the driver's seat. The test made in front of fire headquarters in the presence of Chief Croker and other officials proved that the invention is a splendid success, and every engine and truck in the city will soon be equipped with it. The benefits arising from the new brake are at once apparent. It has been too great a task for a driver to handle three giant horses and at the same time hold the brake against the wheel when dashing down some heavy grade or trying to slow up before striking down some vehicle or careless pedestrian. Accidents without number which have happened are now made impossible, so effectively does the new dog and cog wheel hold the brake when once set. And now, instead of a long, steady strain, the driver has only to put the brake on notch by notch and "the little dog" does the rest. Often in dashing to a fire some part of the harness breaks and the horses, terrified by flying strap or crowding engine, take the bits in their teeth and usually tear things up before they are again brought under control. With the new brake they can be speedily brought to a standstill. With the new device it matters not with what speed the engine comes nor how steep the grade may be.

Getting Ahead of Russell Sage.

Russell Sage, who owns several houses in the little Long Island village of Lawrence, recently engaged a plumber named Holler to make some repairs. When the work was done the plumber presented his bill, amounting to $22, to Sage personally. The Wall street financier looked the account over carefully and remarked, decisively: "I'll give you $18 cash." "All right," said Holler. "I need the money." The other day Sage asked him for an estimate on another job. Holler spent considerable time figuring and then said: "Mr. Sage, I'll do that job for $54." When it was completed Sage examined the work and professed his satisfaction. Again the plumber presented his bill in person for $54. "It's worth $50 cash," said the financier. Meekly the plumber took his check. Then, so the villagers say, Holler took his revenge also. "Sage," he said, "I could have done that job for $25 and made a profit of $5, but I expected you to beat me down. I guess I'm about $25 ahead of you."

Wife's Photograph in Horse's Eye.

J. P. Sullivan of Salina, Kan., has a horse, according to a report, in whose right eye there is a photograph of his wife. He has been offered $500 for the horse, but he refuses to sell it. The photo is said to be a perfect likeness. Mrs. Sullivan was standing in front of the horse during an electrical storm, and veterinary surgeons attribute to this the fact that the photo appears in the horse's eye. The sight is not affected.

WARRIOR ANTS.

Battle Among Insects Witnessed by an Observer.

An interested observer of nature has given us this vivid and circumstantial account of a battle that he witnessed: "One day when I went to my woodpile, I observed two large ants, the one red, the other much larger, nearly half an inch long, and black, fiercely contending with each other. Having once got hold, they never let go, but struggled and wrestled and rolled on the chips incessantly. Looking further I was surprised to see that the chips were covered with such combatants; that it was not a duel, but a war—a war between two races of ants, the red always pitted against the black, and frequently two red ones to one black. It was evident that their battle cry was "Conquer or die!" Meanwhile there came along a single red ant on the hillside of this valley, evidently full of excitement, who had either dispatched his foe or had not yet taken part in the battle—probably the latter, for he had lost none of his limbs—whose mother had charged him to return with his shield or upon it. He saw this unequaled combat from afar—for the black ants were nearly twice the size of their red enemies—and drew near with rapid pace till he stood on his guard within half an inch of the combatants; then, watching his opportunity, he sprang upon the black warrior, and begun operations near the root of the black ant's right foreleg, leaving the foe to select among his own members. I took up the chip on which the three I have particularly described were struggling, carried them into my house and placed them under a tumbler on my window sill in order to see the issue. Holding a microscope to the first mentioned red ant, I saw that, though he was assiduously gnawing at the foreleg of his enemy, having severed his remaining feeler, his own breast was all torn away, exposing what vitals he had there to the jaws of the black warrior whose breastplate was apparently too thick for him to pierce; and the dark carbuncles of the sufferer's eyes shone with ferocity such as only war could excite. They struggled half an hour longer under the tumbler; and when I looked again the black soldier had severed the heads of his foes from their bodies, and they were hanging on either side of him, like ghastly trophies at his saddlebow, still apparently as firmly fastened as ever; and he was endeavoring, with feeble struggles, being without feelers, aid with only the remnant of a leg, and I know not how many other wounds, to divest himself of them. At length, after half an hour more, he accomplished this. I raised the glass and he went off the window sill in that crippled state. I never learned which party was victorious, nor the cause of the war; but I felt for the rest of the day as if I had had my feelings excited and harrowed by witnessing the struggle, the ferocity, and the carnage of a human battle before my door."—The Youth's Instructor.

"Two Little Snobs."

Titles seem not to make men large of stature or in any way distinguishable in appearance from ordinary men. An amusing example of this lack of visible nobility is cited by an English exchange. The Duke of Argyll was once traveling in a railway carriage with the Duke of Northumberland. At one of the stations a little commercial drummer entered. The three chatted familiarly until the train stopped at Alnwick Junction. Here the Duke of Northumberland went out and was met by a train of flunkeys and servants. "That must be some great swell," remarked the drummer to his unknown companion. "Yes," said the Duke of Argyll, "he is the Duke of Northumberland." "Bless me!" exclaimed the drummer. "And to think he should have been so affable to two little snobs like us!"

BABES' WISDOM.

"We had shortcake for tea," said a little girl to a playmate. "So did we," replied the other. "We had company and the cake was so short it didn't go round."

"Tommy," said the teacher to a small pupil in the primary department, "from what animal do we get the milk we use?" "From the milkman," was the prompt, but unexpected reply.

"Mamma," said 4-year-old Bessie, "does our milkman raise coconnuts?" "No, dear; of course not," was the reply. "Then where does he get milk from?" asked the little miss.

Sunday School Teacher—"How many commandments are there, Johnny?" Johnny (promptly)—"Ten." Sunday School Teacher—"Suppose you were to break one of them, then what?" Johnny—"Then there would be nine left."

Little Clara, aged four, was hurryin to bed, being very tired and sleepy, when her mother reminded her that she had forgotten to say her prayer. Dropping on her knees by the side of her cot and folding her little hands she said: "Please, Lord, remember what I said last night; I'm too tired to repeat it tonight. Amen."

"Now, boys," said the Sunday school superintendent, addressing the juvenile class, "who can tell me which one of the ten commandments Adam broke when he ate of the apple?" "He didn't break any of them," replied a bright little fellow. "Why didn't he?" asked the superintendent. "Because," answered the youthful student, "there wasn't any then."

A DEEP MYSTERY.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North sts.

Educational Lobbyists.

Governor Stanley of Kansas has administered a hint to president and professors of state colleges and schools that they are not paid for hanging about legislative halls pushing schemes for appropriation bills. There has been for some time considerable bitterness as to the division of money parceled out by state, and not a few leading educators have become lobbyists in the interest of pet measures.

ITCHING LIMBS

And All Forms of Itching, Scaly Humors Are Instantly Relieved and Speedily Cured by CUTICURA.

Speedy Cure Treatment $1.25

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply CUTICURA OINTMENT freely, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation and soothe and heal, and lastly take CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood and expel humor germs. This sweet and wholesome treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning and scaly humors of the skin, scalp and blood, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure when all else fails. Price, THE SET, $1.25; or, Soap, 25c.; Ointment, 50c., and Resolvent, 50c. Sold throughout the world.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crust, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for body rashes, itchings and irritations in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.		21	9	15	31	39	35
		AM	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsb'gh	lv	*1 05	*7 00	*5 20	*1 35		
Alliance	ar	3 25	9 30	[illegible]	4 30		
Canton	lv	4 03	9 58	9 24	5 24		
Massillon	"	4 12	10 10	9 35	5 42		
Wooster	"	4 55	10 55	10 21	6 35		
Mansfield	"	6 10	12 05	11 26	7 55		
Crestline	ar	6 37	12 35	11 54	8 25		
Crestline	lv	6 45	12 40	12 01	PM	†7 00	†2 30
Robinson	"					7 12	[illegible]
Bucyrus	"	7 04	1 00	12 21		7 25	[illegible]
Nevada	"					7 39	[illegible]
U.Sandusky	"	7 28	1 23	12 47		7 56	[illegible]
Kirby	"					[illegible]	[illegible]
Forest	"					8 16	[illegible]
Dunkirk	"					8 32	[illegible]
Washingt'n	"					8 50	[illegible]
Ada	"		2 05			9 10	[illegible]
Lafayette	"					9 20	[illegible]
Lima	"	8 35	2 25	1 42		9 40	[illegible]
Elida	"					10 02	[illegible]
Delphos	"	9 03	2 51	2 15		10 21	[illegible]
Middlepoint	"					10 34	[illegible]
Van Wert	"	9 21	3 10	2 35		10 46	[illegible]
Convoy	"					11 03	[illegible]
Dixon	"					11 15	[illegible]
Monroeville	"					11 25	7 02
Maples	"					11 35	7 11
Adams	"					11 45	7 20
Ft. Wayne	ar	10 10	4 00	3 25		11 55	7 30
Warsaw	"	11 31	5 24	4 36		1 37	PM
Plymouth	"	12 07	6 08	5 13		2 15	
Valparaiso	"	1 15	7 03	6 12		3 29	
Chicago	ar	2 50	8 45	7 45		5 15	
		PM	PM	AM		PM	

Tickets to Eastern points will not be honored on this train. 31—Train No. 24 has no connection east of Pittsburgh.

Eastward.		28	20	8	24	6	36
		AM	NN	PM	PM	PM	AM
Chicago	lv	†7 30	*12 0[illegible]	*3 00	*8 00	*11 45	
Valparaiso	"	9 25	1 32	4 36		1 43	
Plymouth	"	10 37	2 35	5 45	†9 25	3 05	
Warsaw	"	11 18	3 11	6 23	10 57	3 54	
Ft. Wayne	"	12 40	4 20	7 45	12 01	5 30	†7 00
Adams	"	12 51					7 11
Maples	"	[illegible]					7 15
Monroeville	"	[illegible]		8 12		6 03	[illegible]
Dixon	"	[illegible]					[illegible]
Convoy	"	[illegible]				6 20	7 45
Van Wert	"	[illegible]	5 1[illegible]	8 33		6 39	8 01
Middlepoint	"	[illegible]				6 52	8 12
Delphos	"	[illegible]	5 32	9 05		7 10	8 26
Elida	"	[illegible]					8 41
Lima	"	[illegible]	5 57	9 30	1 25	[illegible]	8 51
Lafayette	"	[illegible]					9 20
Ada	"	[illegible]		10 00		8 12	9 33
Washingt'n	"	[illegible]					9 43
Dunkirk	"	[illegible]				8 32	9 55
Forest	"	[illegible]				8 45	10 09
Kirby	"	[illegible]				8 54	10 18
U.Sandusky	"	[illegible]	7 05	10 46		9 05	10 30
Nevada	"	[illegible]				9 26	10 45
Bucyrus	"	[illegible]	7 34	11 19		9 42	11 00
Robinson	"	4 47					11 15
Crestline	ar	5 00	7 57	11 45	2 15	10 10	11 30
Crestline	lv	5 20	8 05	11 50	3 20	10 15	AM
Mansfield	"	5 45	8 33	12 15	a	10 40	
Wooster	"	7 00	[illegible]	[illegible]	a	[illegible]	
Massillon	"	7 55	10 22	2 12	a	[illegible]	
Canton	"	8 18	10 40	2 35	5 27	[illegible]	
Alliance	ar	9 00	11 18	3 10	6 05	2 15	
Pittsb'gh	ar	PM	1 40	3 50	8 30	[illegible]	
			AM	AM	AM	PM	

SEE NOTE.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 21, 15 and 24; Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars on Nos. 6, 20 and 21. Nos. 6, 8 and 20 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

a Stops to let off passengers from Fort Wayne or points west thereof.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Flag Stop. §Meals.

Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12 00 noon to 12 00 midnight; Light faced from 12 00 midnight to 12 00 noon.

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Tickets now on sale

Hot Springs, Va., Hot Springs, Ark., Phoenix, Ariz., Los Angeles, Cal., San Francisco, And all other tourist points, including Mexico or West Indian Islands.

C. H. & D. Ry. agents will be pleased to furnish full information relating to all points of interest to tourists.

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Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address, R. J. WEMYSS, General Immigration and Industrial Agt. LOUISVILLE, KY

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Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

The Easy Food Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook. Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest. Quaker Oats At all grocers in 2-lb pkgs only.

ASTHMA QUICK, SURE RELIEF. ASTHMA TABLETS. A POSITIVE cure for Asthma, Hay Fever and Catarrh. Two tablets give immediate relief. One Tablet after each Meal aids Digestion. Ask your druggist, or by mail. Send stamp for free sample.

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A full line always in stock. Good goods, good equipment and good treatment.

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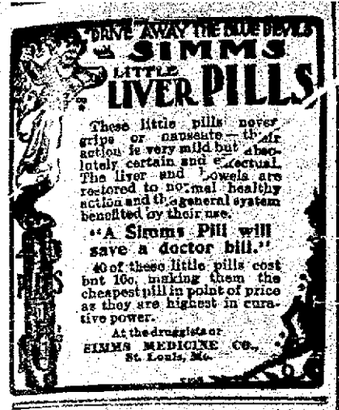

Weir Mitchell's Clever Compliment.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, the famous author, is famous also as a nerve specialist, and ought to be famous as a maker of cleverly turned compliments. At a reception he met for the first time a well-known Philadelphia lady, says the Saturday Evening Post, and in conversation with her he spoke of his liking for the novel "Cranford." "I am glad that my memory is such," said he, "that within the space of two years I can completely forget that book, and so have the pleasure of reading it all over again." The lady to whom he said this did not meet him again until a year or so had passed. She found that he had quite forgotten her and reminded him of their previous meeting. Then it came to him. "Ah, madam!" he said. "It is with you as it is with 'Cranford.' I have the ability to forget, and thus I may have all the pleasure of becoming acquainted over again."

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 7 and 8 Holmes Block.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

C. H. & D.

SOUTH BOUND.

	Departs.
No. 7. Daily	2:10 a. m
No. 11. Daily except Sunday	5:20 a. m
No. 1. Daily except Sunday	9:20 a. m
No. 5. Daily	12:41 p. m
No. 9. Daily	4:00 p. m
No. 3. Daily	6:00 p. m
No. 65. Sunday only	6:55 p. m
No. 13. Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	7:45 p. m

NORTH BOUND.

	Departs.
No. 12. Daily	2:35 a. m
No. 14. Daily except Sunday	5:55 a. m
No. 2. Daily except Sunday	8:20 a. m
No. 6. Daily	11:57 a. m
No. 4. Daily except Sunday	4:35 p. m
No. 66. Sunday only	7:45 a. m
No. 10. Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	9:00 p. m
No. 68. Sunday only	9:55 p. m

P. F. W. & C.

In effect November 25, 1900.

EAST BOUND.

No. 24 Pittsburg special, daily	1:56 a. m.
" 4 Eastern express, daily	7:34 a. m.
" 30 Crestline accommodation, daily except Sunday	8:51 a. m.
" 22 To Alliance, daily except Sunday	2:49 p. m
" 20 New York special, daily	5:57 p. m.
" 8 Day express, daily	9:36 p. m.
" 2 Limited express, daily	10:49 p. m.

WEST BOUND.

No. 15 Chicago and west, daily	1:49 a. m.
" 5 Limited express, daily	3:23 a. m.
" 21 Chicago special, daily	8:35 a. m.
" 29 Chicago and west, daily except Sunday	9:40 a. m.
" 9 Chicago and west, daily	2:25 p. m.
" 35 Ft. Wayne accommodation, daily except Sunday	6:30 p. m.

C. & E. R. R.

No. 2—Going East	3:24	p. m.
" 8— " "	9:02	p. m.
" 12— " "	3:41	a. m.
Local " "	7:00	a. m.
No. 1—Going West	9:10	a. m.
" 3— " "	1:12	a. m.
" 5— " "	11:23	a. m.
" 13— " "	6:50	p. m.
Local " "	7:00	a. m.

ERIE RAILROAD.

Time Card in Effect Mch., 11, 1900.

From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 11 23 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 1 12 a m
No. 1, Express, daily except Sunday for Chicago and the West ..... 9 10 a m
No. 31, Local Freight, daily except Sunday ..... 7 00 a m
No. 13, Wells-Fargo Limited Express daily, except Monday ..... 4 52 p m

TRAINS EAST

No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston ..... 9 03 p m
No. 2, Express, daily except Sunday 3 24 p m
No. 12, Express, daily for New York 2 41 a m
No. 32, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7 00 a m

Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.

Through Coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. S. MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt.
Huntington.

PATENTS GUARANTEED

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense.

Patents taken out through us receive *special notice*, without charge, in THE PATENT RECORD, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors. Send for sample copy FREE. Address,

VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.
(*Patent Attorneys,*)
Evans Building, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG CO., Prop'rs, CLEVELAND, O.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts. Lima, Ohio.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

Central Americans All Hope to Make Fortunes Out of It.

EAGER TO HAVE WATERWAY BUILT

English Engineer Just Returned From Central America Says Isthmian Republic and Costa Rica Count on Having the United States Pay Dear For Any Concessions.

W. B. Cameron, C. E., of Birmingham, England, who is stopping at the Holland House, has just returned from Central America, where he has been inspecting some mining claims held by British capitalists, says the New York Sun. He says that European investors are looking toward Central America as a possible field for the employment of capital, and he predicts that the resources of the country will be developed rapidly after the canal is in operation. An English syndicate is reported to have acquired an option upon the principal Nicaraguan railway lines, with concessions for new lines to be built if the canal bill passes. In regard to the position of the people of Nicaragua toward the canal scheme Mr. Cameron said:

"The attitude of all classes is decidedly in favor of having the canal built. The mass of the people favor it because they expect that it will bring a vast amount of gold into the country and will provide positions as guards and overseers for themselves. It is generally expected that the Nicaraguan and Costa Rican authorities in the final negotiations for the canal will stipulate that such places shall be filled from their own citizens.

"There is one point which does not seem to be appreciated by most of the Americans with whom I have talked in the course of the trip overland from San Francisco. They assume that the Central American republics will give the United States carte blanche to build and manage the canal according to her own plans and without recompense. In fact, from all I have heard and read in your American newspapers it seems to be the general impression that all arrangements with Nicaragua and Costa Rica providing for the construction of the canal had been completed. As I understand the matter, however, the final negotiations have not yet been entered upon. When they are undertaken, I think that it will appear that the sentiment of the Nicaraguans in regard to the terms of constructing the canal is somewhat different from what it is believed to be by the people of your city.

"For several months I made my headquarters in Managua, and in the course of my business I became acquainted with several prominent citizens and government officials. At that time it was reported that the United States would insist upon the right to fortify the canal and to secure exclusive privileges for United States vessels. To this they were all greatly opposed and declared that Nicaragua could not consent to the building of the canal unless it was to be open on equal terms to the shipping of the world. Some fear was expressed as to the ultimate intentions of the United States on account of the expansionist tendencies which she now displays, and it was generally maintained that the conditions for the management of the canal ought to be very clearly defined so that this country should not be able to extend her control over the canal to the point of territorial control which might result later on in the absorption of Nicaragua into the possession of the United States.

"So far as I could learn it is the intention of the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica to demand an important share in the control of the canal under a tripartite agreement. I was informed by an official of the Nicaraguan government that the people of Nicaragua had been told that the sentiment of the United States was in favor of a canal through Nicaragua and that it would be built along that route. Consequently they regarded it as a valuable concession and would demand in return for it either a share in the control of the canal or a large money indemnity.

"If the government should undertake to dispose of the concession without such conditions, according to this official, it would result in a revolution. The question of constitutional authority would not be a bar to such action in his opinion, because the constitution could be amended by the action of the Nicaraguan congress, in which the government party has a substantial majority, but the very fact of taking such action, as he explained, would be taken advantage of by the opposition to stir up a revolution, as the party of the onts stood ready to use any pretense to seize the government before the actual beginning of canal work in the expectation that during its construction those in authority would have opportunities to enrich themselves.

"As to the interest in the canal on the part of the people of Nicaragua, it could not be greater than it is. It is the one great topic of discussion. There are all kinds of talk of concessions, privileges and so forth, and all kinds of more or less intangible enterprises are being set afloat. As an example of the prevailing attitude I was informed that certain officials of Costa Rica had bought up the lands on their side of the river which will be flooded by the construction of the great dam across the San Juan and will demand a large indemnity for the flooding of their property."

Automobiles have conquered the Alps. A German has made his way with a benzine motor from Frankfort to Italy over the Brenner pass with no great trouble.

HOW TO GAIN FLESH

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of Scott's emulsion. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking Scott's Emulsion.

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample its agreeable taste will surprise you.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

ALLIGATOR FARM.

First Attempt to Grow the Saurians for Commercial Purposes.

The first alligator farm thus far known has been newly established near the town of Seven Bridges in Georgia, with a stock of thirty-seven breeding saurians. Three hundred acres of swamp land have been secured and are being fenced in by the owner, who expects to make a quick fortune by the enterprise, owing to the growing scarcity of these reptiles and the steady market demand for them. Indeed, under such conditions as those described it ought to be practicable to breed alligators in large numbers, wading birds and other enemies being kept out by means of a close fence, says the Saturday Evening Post. Big turtles and large fishes are likewise deadly foes of the baby saurians and their depredations must be guarded against. Unfortunately, the alligator is a very slow grower. It is about six inches long when hatched, and only twice that size at the end of its first year. Fifteen years are required to reach a length of two feet and a ten-footer may reasonably be supposed to be fully sixty years of age. Hence it is apparent that the enterprising Georgia gentleman is not likely to earn a fortune by the production of alligator hides. The best he can hope to do is to rear baby alligators for which, as curiosities, there is a good market. They bring about fifty cents apiece. The female alligator builds her nest near the water's edge, of a series of layers of mud and grass, between which she places her eggs. Decomposition of the vegetable material generates the heat and helps the sun to hatch out the young ones, which immediately start for the water. Inasmuch as such nests are not inconspicuous objects, they are constantly robbed by professional hunters, who sell the eggs. This is one reason why alligators are becoming scarce, their practical extermination in Florida being, apparently, not far distant. The business of slaughtering alligators has been carried on with much eagerness for many years in that state, an average hide being worth 65 cents, teeth from $1 to $2 a pound and the animals of large size $2 a foot. The Georgia alligator farmer, if he deems it wise, will find no difficulty in hatching his eggs by a simple incubator process, exposing them to the sun in boxes of sand. When they are hatched, he may consign the young reptiles to suitable ponds, where they will be in no danger from enemies.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, N. Y.

HIGH LIGHTS.

To make a man think well of you first make him think well of himself.

Spiritually it is hard to locate; some people look seraphic when the mince pie comes on.

Since there's nothing new under the sun it is strange that new shoes have to be broken in.

There are women stupid enough to quote poetry at the man who is carving the turkey.

A woman is always surprised to find that everybody doesn't know what she learned only yesterday.

Buying books as Christmas gifts is expensive because we always throw in so many for ourselves.

It takes a woman with a good memory to give away as presents this year the presents she got last Christmas.—Chicago Record.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SUCCESS OF AMERICANS.

Alfred Harmsworth Tells Where the United States Beats the World.

In the following editorial, written by Alfred Harmsworth, the millionaire English editor, in the tabloid edition of the New York World, he tells where the United States is ahead of the world:

Americans are not without good grounds for their assertion that the average British traveler who comes to this country is accustomed to grumble all the time at what he sees. They would take less notice of John Bull's criticisms were they aware that the old gentleman regards grumbling as his national privilege. I read the other day in a cable dispatch from London that "the reviews and newspapers are filled with dismal forebodings and croakings on the part of pessimists in regard to the British empire." Out of curiosity I have turned to the British Annual Register for 100 years back and found that John Bull was croaking and whining with equally great vigor at that time.

Not the least of the differences which exist between the peoples on the two sides of the Atlantic is that you are optimists and we are pessimists. That fact accounts for a great deal of the grumblings by British tourists which are so much resented here. And the United States offers a splendid opportunity to the British grumbler by reason of the circumstance that its faults are on the surface.

There are no secrets in America. The American newspaper is a powerful microscope which magnifies everything and everybody—all that is good and all that is bad—in the country. The American does not shut himself in a big house surrounded by a moat, and that again placed inside a park which in its turn is encircled by a high wall. You can see him at any time exactly as he is, and he is therefore particularly easy to criticise. It is doubtless for this reason that he comes in for so large a share of comment, advice and admonition.

Now, I propose reversing the order of things for a moment by stating exactly where I think Americans are ahead of most countries I have seen—and I have traveled extensively. On the mechanical side of everyday life you have entered upon the twentieth century so far ahead of the world that I doubt whether we will ever catch up with you. In the great matter of surface transit—surely one of the most important features of modern life—you are leading the universe.

You gave us the Morse telegraph, the telephone, the phonograph, the incandescent lamp, the Maxim gun, the Hoe printing press, the linotype typesetting machine, the electric automobile, the typewriter, the sewing machine, the model office building, the Westinghouse brake and motor, and numberless improvements on existing inventions which testify in every land to the force of American genius. You are giving your young people an education which, in my opinion, is altogether more suited to the requirements of the twentieth century than that we provide. Your public school system is the admiration of the world.

Those who are too prone to criticise surface faults in the United States should witness, as I have, the landing at Ellis island of the hordes of illiterate foreigners fresh from the tyranny and misrule of the continental countries, and should remember that Americans stand exposed to the criticisms of the whole world on events and actions largely brought about by these swarms of newly arrived immigrants. The kind of American news that comes to Europe consists chiefly of strike riots and other crimes too frequently committed by this same foreign element. No other people in the world could assimilate and in a single generation make a man of the kind of human derelict dumped down daily on your shores from Europe. No other people can so readily adapt themselves to the changing kaleidoscope of progress.

SAW A BLACK OWL.

Rare Bird In Connecticut Said to Be of Especially Evil Omen.

A citizen of Montville, near New Haven, announces that he saw a black owl on Christmas day while out hunting, says the New York Sun. The black owl was on a branch of a dead oak in the woods a few miles north of the village, and the citizen was so astonished at the sight that he did not think of shooting the bird until it flew away.

No other black owl has been seen in Connecticut for 50 years, it is declared, and stories of the existence of such a bird have been regarded as myths by some naturalists. The incident recalls a story told half a century ago of a boy who saw a black owl near Montville and coaxed the dazed bird to the ground and fed it. There is a superstition that a black owl is of especially evil omen, and people prophesied that no good would come to him from the occurrence. The story adds that the boy fell into a well and was drowned in the following month.

Experimental Farm In Luzon.

An experiment farm is to be started 200 miles from Manila by the United States Philippine commission for the purpose of ascertaining what seeds and plants from this country can be successfully cultivated on the far eastern islands, says the New York Tribune. The University of California will send from its experiment stations the required seeds and plants.

American Locomotives Abroad.

In 1900 American locomotives of the aggregate value of $12,000,000 were exported. About $4,000,000 worth of these went to British North America and about $2,000,000 worth to South America. In 1899 the value of American locomotives sent abroad was $5,520,000.

Sores and Ulcers

DRAIN THE SYSTEM, ENDANGER LIFE.

That old sore or ulcer, which has been a source of pain, worry and anxiety to you for five or ten years—maybe longer—doesn't heal because you are not using the proper treatment, but are trying to cure it with salves and washes. While these are soothing and relieve pain to some extent, no real, permanent good can come from their use, because the disease is in the blood and far beyond the reach of external applications.

A sore heals promptly when the blood is in good condition, but **never** if it is diseased. The tendency of these old sores and ulcers is to grow worse, spreading and eating deeper into the flesh. They are a constant drain upon the system, gradually but surely ruin the health and sap the very life. A person's capacity for work or pleasure is soon lost in the great desire and search for something to cure.

S. S. S. makes a rapid and permanent cure of old sores and ulcers, and is the only medicine that does, because no other can reach deep-seated blood troubles. Ordinary Sarsaparilla and potash mixtures are too weak and watery to overcome a deadly poison that has taken possession of the blood. Do not waste valuable time experimenting with them.

A Gunshot Wound. "Some years ago I was shot in the left leg, receiving what I considered only a slight wound. It developed into a running sore and gave me a great deal of pain. I was treated by many doctors, and took a number of blood remedies, but none did me any good. I had heard S. S. S. highly recommended and concluded to give it a trial. The result was truly gratifying. S. S. S. seemed to get right at the trouble, and forced the poison out of my blood; soon afterwards the sore healed up and was cured sound and well. I now have perfect use of the leg, which was swollen and very stiff for a long time. J. H. MCBRAYER, Lawrenceburg, Ky."

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known; is made of roots and herbs of wonderful purifying properties, which no poison can resist. S. S. S. quickly and effectually clears the blood of all morbid, unhealthy humors, and the old, troublesome sore heals. At the same time the general health is invigorated and built up. When a little scratch or hurt fails to heal readily, you may be sure your blood is bad. S. S. S. will soon put it in order and keep it so.

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians, who have made blood diseases a life study. If you will write them about your case, they will gladly furnish all information or advice wanted, without any charge whatever.

SSS

Address SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THRIFTY FEMALES.

There are Many Remunerative Occupations for Women.

One thrifty woman who had watched the vegetables and fruit rotting day by day at her grocer's, and which were a dead loss to him, proposed that they enter into an arrangement in the future whereby she should preserve and pickle his entire surplus, either for regular pay or upon commission, in the latter case he furnishing the sugar and spices. Another woman, with sharp business instincts, a butcher's wife, made up soup stock, and found a ready sale for it to many overworked housekeepers. Still another, who knew but one thing thoroughly, and that was cookery, called every morning at certain physicians offices and formed a list of families in which sickness prevailed. To these families she offered to come every day for an hour or so and prepare in their own homes mutton broth, beef extract, chicken jelly, panada, gruels, fruit and herb drinks, wine whey, custard, etc., furnishing her time and labor cheaper than the articles could be bought at restaurants or women's exchanges. Some women are specialists in one branch, such as handkerchief embroidering, lampshade making, fan painting, feather curling, glove cleaning, and the like, or can make beautiful neck scarfs, or launder fine laces. Such can easily make their specialty pay, some by the aid of friends, some by the patronage of dealers in such goods, some by a house to house canvass made by themselves. A young girl in one of the large eastern cities was recently puzzled by finding herself left almost helpless and homeless, with no talent in any one direction. There was but one thing of which she never tired, and that was of children, all of whom seemed to adore her; so this young girl went out at so much an hour to amuse sick and irritable children. Many a worn-out mother found her presence a most grateful repose. She was indefatigable in inventing new games and perfecting old ones, and her naturally retentive memory came also to her aid as a story-teller. It is the woman who takes advantage of opportunities, the woman who can plan as well as execute, whom the world wants and for whom it will push its ranks apart to make place.

THE MOTHER'S FAVORITE.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

Weather Men Unskillful.

Tim Murphy, the popular comedian, saw an old colored woman sitting under an awning fanning herself when he was in Washington, D. C., last summer. "It's dreadfully hot, isn't it, mammy?" asked Mr. Murphy. "'Deed it is, chile," said the old woman, "'deed it is. 'Tain't right for it to be so hot this-a-way. I tell you, forty years ago, when the blessed Lawd made the weather, we didn't have these stewing days, honey, no, 'deed, we didn't; but now these biggety men up at this here weather office has the making of the weather, they does send us anything they please, and they ain't skillful, they ain't skillful."

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCARETS, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking Cascarets, I feel fine. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."
JOS. EHRLING, 1321 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, Irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, North East Corner Main and North Sts.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."
BE WISE AND USE
SAPOLIO

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills They have stood the test of years and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Sent for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For Sale by Wm. Melville, corner of Main and High Sts.

HERE AND THERE.

The United States Geodetic and Coast Survey recently sent out a party to chart the Philippine archipelago.

Mr. A. J. Drexel Biddle, of Philadelphia, has been elected a fellow of the Royal Meteorological society of Great Britain.

The king of Saxony is one of the most approachable of European sovereigns. An audience may be had with him at almost any time.

The sons of the late Arthur Sewall, who was the Democratic candidate for vice president in 1896, have endowed a bed in the hospital at Bath, Me., in memory of their father.

George S. Goddard, the new state librarian of Connecticut, graduated from Wesleyan in 1892 and received the degree of B. D. from Yale in 1895. He became assistant librarian of the state library in 1898.

General Harrison Gray Otis, late brigadier in the volunteer service in the Philippines and editor of the Los Angeles Times, denies that he is an applicant for any position under the administration. He prefers his work in pleasant Los Angeles to official life in Washington.

TO CURE A COUGH

stop coughing, as it irritates the lungs, and gives them no chance to heal. Foley's Honey and Tar cures without causing a strain in throwing off the phlegm like common cough expectorants.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Corn Stubble Cuts Throat.

L. T. Davis, a farmer living near West Union, W. Va., had his throat cut by a corn stubble and almost bled to death before assistance reached him. While hauling fodder he fell from his wagon, his throat striking the sharp-pointed stubble. A tearing gash was the result.

A PROMINENT CHICAGO WOMAN SPEAKS.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by all druggists.

Wouldn't Crowd the Cashier.

A volunteer endeavored in vain to stop the encroachment of a stout gentleman. "I tell you I can't get back," said the trespasser; "the crowd's pushing me forward." Then an officer came along. "Won't get back? Make him," said the officer. "Put the butt of your rifle in his chest. Don't tell me you can't. You are the stronger man." The private hesitated. "Yes, sir, I know I'm the stronger man," he said. Then, desperately, he added: "But he's the head cashier at our office, sir."—London Chronicle.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

You can't always judge of a dress by the woman in it.

A woman's "shriek of agony" sounds most like the squall of a horse when he is mad.

If you don't want to know what a man's wife is like, study his taste in other women.

Some of the ancients knew a lot. The ancient Hindoo women had to pray to their husbands.

As soon as a woman gets too fat to look well she begins to wear a bunch of chrysanthemums.

As soon as you catch up with a woman she turns around and pretends she was going the other way.

Every man looks like a fool when he is proposing and every other woman, but the one would think so.

Every woman has a longing to know just how much her husband would take on when the doctor told him she was going to die.

The average man doesn't get married because he loves little children. What he gets married for is because he thinks he is going to get fed better.

The average old bachelor hates worse to hold a baby while its mother fastens her glove than he would to dance on a red-hot stove with a bunch of skyrockets.

When one woman calls on another woman, for the first ten minutes neither of them says anything that the other can remember, because each one is studying the other's dress.

When a poor young man marries a rich girl all the women say he is mercenary, but when a rich young man marries a poor girl, they say such a love is the most beautiful thing in the world.

Some time after a few more thousands of years a great scientist will get born who will discover why it is that women kiss each other.—New York Press.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, swollen feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it *to-day*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Dolby's Sad Fall.

Some years ago, writes a correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, Mr. Dolby, who was Charles Dickens' manager, and has just died "miserable and penniless," in Fulham infirmary, was in a quite respectable position, but was fast drifting into a reckless, vagrant life. He was fond of recalling his association with the novelist, but never told any anecdotes about him. He accompanied Dickens on his reading tours, and his services were greatly appreciated. On one occasion Dickens wrote from Liverpool, "Dolby would do anything to lighten the work, and does everything." In another letter from Glasgow, he described him as "an agreeable companion, an excellent manager, and a good fellow." Dolby wrote a book entitled "Charles Dickens as I Knew Him," which Miss Dickens considered "the best and truest picture of her father yet written."

NewspaperARCHIVE®

INTERVIEW

With Mr. Turner was Not in Line With the Gazette's Argument.

The Real Issues were Dodged

And it Misrepresents the Situation so as Not to Allow an Official Statement to Conflict With the Attitude Taken in the C. H. & D. Controversy.

The Gazette tripped over an obstacle this morning that has been lain in its path ever since the day the Times-Democrat so successfully demolished the absurd story of pending trouble on the C. H. & D. In its anxiety to get even the grossest of misrepresentations were made, and the statements of General Superintendent Turner, who courtesly granted the Gazette man an interview, were studiously avoided so far as they might interfere with the intention of making good the ridiculous position blindly taken by the reporter who was fighting against space.

Not to be outdone by the Gazette falsifier, a reporter for the Times-Democrat succeeded in having an interview with Mr. Turner this morning, and learned from him that the situation as presented by this paper was absolutely true in every respect. The Gazette man was told the same thing by Mr. Turner at the Norval last night, but the statement did not suit the purpose in view, and the acknowledgment of misinformation gave way to a hot-headed attempt to strangle the truth.

Two days passed without any effort on the part of the Gazette to deny the correction made by the Times-Democrat, but this morning there was used as a basis for further discussion an item taken from the Toledo Times of yesterday. The substance of this article was to the effect that a committee of switchmen had gone to Toledo to confer with General Superintendent Turner on the question of wages and to have reinstated a man recently dismissed from service in the Toledo yards.

Mr. Turner knew of no such committee and even if true it could not in any way disturb the equanimity of the road to the degree of precipitating "a strike that would tie up the system." Mr. Turner asked some very plain questions of the Gazette reporter last night, none of which were mentioned however this morning, and neither is there to be found any of the lamb like replies that were equal to an acknowledgment of misrepresentation.

"It is very strange," said the superintendent, "that no reference of any trouble either here or at Toledo should have been made in a conference I had at Cincinnati yesterday with Mr. John Sullivan, chairman of the federation board, if there had been a grievance as serious as that contemplated by the Gazette. Mr. Sullivan was in my office for over an hour, and several minor matters were amicably adjusted, but they had nothing whatever to do with the situation that was made the basis for an article so generously circulated by the man who writes for Gazette and represents the Associated Press at this point. I reminded him very forcibly of the injury he could do by such false representations, and recited an instance where a heavy loss was suffered by another road through reports equally as absurd as the ones he had confessed to be the author of.

"I told him also that if the emergency should arise, I would gladly be communicated with by wire, no matter where I might be and give in reply the exact situation of any trouble that might concern us, but that taking the word of some disgruntled employee was in itself a serious matter and demanded investigation before being set down as covering the case.

"The man discharged by Mr. Floeter from the Toledo yards, had twice been guilty of a grievious offense. He left a switch open not long ago and when brought upon the carpet was merely reprimanded and warned that if it should occur again he would be dismissed. The warning, it seems, was not sufficient and when the same mistake occurred, he was released without loss of time. If I am to be waited upon by a committee as a result of the stand taken by Mr. Floeter, they will be made acquainted with the circumstances and that will end it. There will be no trouble.

As for Mr. Doan, that matter has been settled and everybody concerned knows it. Mr. Doan has been in the service of the road for 35 years, and the increase of business simply got away from his management according to new and modern methods. We replaced him with an up-to-date yard master, but not until it had been understood between Mr. Floeter and myself that Mr. Doan should be given another position at the same salary he had been receiving. It is satisfactory to Mr. Doan, who will return to the road as soon as he takes the rest he has earned. The committee that waited upon Mr. Floeter saw their error as soon as it was explained that Mr. Doan was an official, and the chairman himself has no appeal to make. We had a similar case at Hamilton which was adjusted in exactly the same way, and there was none of this absurd comment about it either.

"I have instructed all of my superintendents to treat with committees whenever they have a grievance, and it is a recognized fact that the C. H. & D. has always been able to adjust the many perplexing questions that present themselves, without receiving any censure from the men who are banded together for their own common good.

"I was asked by the Gazette man last night about the discharge of the three passenger conductors named in your list of employees recently discharged, but I reminded him that the conductors themselves knew that we had sufficient evidence in our possession of violation of rules that would make it unnecessary for them to seek an explanation. Outside of matters mentioned there are no difficulties between the company and its employees and all this absurd talk about a strike being threatened is purely imagination."

Mr. Turner remarked by way of conclusion that he had made the same statements recorded above to the reporter for the Gazette last night, but how that interview was treated can best be learned by a perusal of the article which appeared this morning. The intention of the Gazette to make it appear that the Times-Democrat has been opposing the interests of the employee is as absurd as the other tactics it has employed during this controversy.

The Times has never denied that there was a grievance. In truth it was the first paper in Lima to record that fact, and stated that Mr. Doan's dismissal had not only caused dissatisfaction among the yard men, but that a committee would wait upon Mr. Floeter. The Gazette doubled upon its energies to enlarge the situation and predicted a strike in which all of the trainmen were interested. The news was flashed by wire all over the country and now that it has not materialized the Gazette is frothing at the mouth and would willingly be the creator of one.

IT'S TRUE.

A Visit to Our Store Will Convince You of Some Rare Bargains.

The old year's out and the new one's in and they all wonder how we can sell such pianos for so little money. The explanation is simple. We are on the ground floor as regards manufacture. We buy in large quantities for spot cash, which enables us to sell to our customers at about the price some dealers have to pay for their pianos, and still afford us a fair profit. The closing year was the biggest in the history of our business, and we hope that this year will more than double last year's sales, if prices and quality count for anything. We are certainly in position to do so, if you feel that you would like to have your musical experience broadened, your musical judgment strengthened, your musical ideas raised above their present level come and see the superb stock of celebrated pianos. We have some great bargains in Fischer, Steck, Harverd, Everett and scores of others. B. S. Porter and Son.

134 North Main Street.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

ONE

Of the L. E. & W's. Veterans

HasResponded

To the Call of the Angel of Death.

Passenger Engineer Nate Robinson Died at His Home in Tipton.

His Remains Were Brought to This City and Laid to Rest in Woodlawn Cemetery This Afternoon.

East bound passenger train No. 4, of the L. E. & W., which arrived here this afternoon at 1:38 o'clock brought from Tipton, Ind., the remains of passenger engineer Nate Robinson, who died at his home in Tipton at 4:15 o'clock yesterday morning, his death resulting from dropsy after an illness with which he was stricken last March.

Nate Robinson was one of the veteran engineers of the L. E. & W., who for many years resided with his family on south Elizabeth street, while engaged in the occupation of a passenger engineer on the Sandusky division of the road. A few years ago he

WAS TRANSFERRED

to the western division and after the Lake Shore took charge of the system he was assigned to a passenger run, trains 6 and 3, between Portland and Lafayette. The deceased was about 55 years of age and is survived by his wife and three children, among the latter being conductor Roy Robinson, of the local street railway lines.

Upon arriving here this afternoon, the remains were met by friends of the bereaved family and by members of the local lodge of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of which order the deceased was a member. The remains were escorted direct to Woodlawn cemetery, where interment was made.

NOT MANY BELIEVE IT.

Several days ago the TIMES-DEMOCRAT published an article from the Chicago Record which said that there was a strong rumor abroad that railroads would combine to do away with traveling freight and passenger agents. The Toledo Times contained the same story and now says that there is considerable comment to be heard among railroad men.

Only one man was found who thought there was something in the story and that such a thing was liable to happen as the result of the many railroad combinations.

It is the general opinion that the traveling passenger agent and the traveling freight agent is too valuable a man for a railroad to dispense with. He not only solicits business, but he develops business. The traveling passenger agent inveigles many a person into taking a trip he had about decided to give up, and the traveling freight agent daily brings the shipper in touch with a new customer with the object in view that he gets the freight for his road.

A NEW MASTER MECHANIC.

Bulletins announcing the appointment of T. M. Price to the office of master mechanic of the Findlay, Fort Wayne & Western road, to succeed J. A. Hanagan, who resigned two weeks ago, have been received in this city. Mr. Price will have headquarters at Findlay.—Fort Wayne Sentinel.

HIS FIRST OFFICIAL TRIP.

G. L. Potter passed through this city yesterday on train No. 21, en route to Chicago. He was met at Crestline by Supt. J. B. McKim and civil engineer W. B. Blake, who accompanied Mr. Potter to Chicago. This is General Manager Potter's first trip over the P. F. road in his new official capacity.

CHANGE IN ARRANGEMENTS.

It has been decided to take the remains of the late Frank B. Burke, the Pennsylvania brakeman who lost his life in an accident at Lima, O., to Dry Run, Pa., for interment, says the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Two brothers of the deceased are now en route from the west and if they have no objections to the present plans, the remains and the funeral party will leave this city for Dry Run next Saturday. The remains will be accompanied by brakemen H. F. Henschen and Valentine Weber, who represent the local lodge of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and the bereaved family and brothers. The entire arrangements have been placed in the trainmen's brotherhood and that order will turnout in a body to attend the funeral exercises at the house, 69 Green street, and convey the remains to the depot. The local brotherhood has sent a telegram to the Altoona lodge requesting that lodge to send a committee to Mt. Union, Pa., to accompany the funeral party to Dry Run. The latter is twenty miles from Mt. Union.

NOTES.

Chief Train Dispatcher John Louy is having a serious struggle with an attack of asthma, but the worst stage has been passed and he is improving slowly. His condition for a day or two was serious enough to be alarming.

Master mechanic White, of the L. E. & W., is making a trip over the system.

James Boles, who learned the machinist's trade at the L. E. & W. shops during the time that the late Patrick Reilly was master mechanic and superintendent of motive power for that road, has resumed a position in the same shops.

OPENED

His Box in Public, But Wishes He Hadn't.

Fred Stoddard's Friends Did Not Forget Him

When Time for Making Presents Suggested an Opportunity—A Lovely Box of Rare Curios.

"Some of Fred Stoddard's friends remembered him Christmas," writes a new gatherer on the Commercial-Tribune. "Fred assisted his father to take the census of Cincinnati, and, while he has many friends in Cincinnati, he has plenty more at his old home town of Lima. It has been their invariable custom to send him something every Christmas since he left there. This year was no exception, and when a good-sized box arrived at the express office, "Collect," Fred paid cheerfully. Then he sought a place where he could open the box and display the contents to admiring and envious friends.

"The word was passed that something worth while seeing was on tap, and a number of friends attended the opening of the Christmas box. Fred procured a hatchet and a few other tools and pried off the top. The sight that met his astonished gaze made him wish he had opened the box in secret. Instead of what he expected, the box contained an assortment of curios. A small and much-worn horseshoe reposed on the top of the pile, and, scattered through were a lot of rusty nails, a few cigar stumps and cigarette butts, a few quids of tobacco and corks that had done duty in several different kinds of bottles.

There was an immense cigar from the Philippines and some bottles which contained very bad beverages. Altogether the collection was interesting, and, as it reminded Fred of old associations and old comrades, it was appreciated. The friends of Lima who contributed may expect something as a tribute of appreciation from Mr. Stoddard.

Don't fail to visit the Busy Columbia tomorrow and secure one of the many choice bargain in shoes. Our sale is a record breaker and for tomorrow we offer special inducements which will tempt the most exacting.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

YOUR BEST WORK

Cannot be done unless you have good health. You cannot have good health without pure blood. You may have pure blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now. You cannot realize the good it will do you until you try it. Begin taking it today and see how quickly it will give you an appetite, strengthen and vigor and cure your rheumatism, catarrh or scrofula.

All ills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25 cents. 7

MEMORIAL.

An Interesting Session of Sappho Club

Held Yesterday Afternoon at Mrs. W. M. Cooney.

At Which a Service was Rendered in Honor of the Late Mrs. A. C. Reichelderfer a Charter Member.

The Sappho club yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Walter M. Cooney, of Washington street, held a memorial service for their departed member, Oniska Sanford-Reichelderfer. The service was pre-arranged and each member assisting took her part in the sad services without announcement. Mrs. S. S. Wheeler read from the tenth to the thirty-first verses of the last chapter of proverbs. Mrs. Wm. M. Mackenzie, as president of the club, paid a most touching tribute to the dead. Mrs. J. W. Roby and Mrs. Charles Black song "Morning Land," and Mrs. Mert E. Sealts read a memoriam written by Mrs. J. F. Brotherton, a life-long friend of the deceased, and also one written by Mrs. Sealts, herself a neighbor and friend of recent years. Mrs. Luah M. Butler read resolutions expressing the sympathy of the club. Mrs. Charles Collins sang "When Weary Eyelids Close," and Mrs. Walton E. Clark read a short poem, "Not Death." Mesdames Roby, Longsworth, Truesdale and Black sang "Some Sweet Day," closing the beautiful service for the first member of the club who has answered the Master's call to join the choir invisible.

A brief intermission was followed by the following program of Sonata, Pretoria and sacred music:

Roll Call—Bible Verse About Music.....
Sonata—Opus 10 No. 1, Adiago....Beethoven
Mrs. S. S. Wheeler.
Arioso, from 19th Psalm.....Jadassohn
Miss Campbell.
Sonata.....Grieg
Mrs. Wm. M. Mackenzie.
The Heavenly Song.....H. Gray
Mrs. M. E. Sealts.
Paper—Songs of all ages for the sanctuary
Mrs. C. C. Miller.
Divine Redeemer.....Gounod
Mrs. Charles Collins.
Night.....Glinka
Mrs. Walton E. Clark.
Symphony.....Greig
Mrs. Johnston and Mrs. Thomson.

The guests of the day were Mrs. J. F. Brotherton, Mrs. W. B. Richie, Mrs. Carson Dalzell, Mrs. Frank Leland, Mrs. J. A. Dutton, Mrs. D. J. O'Day, Mrs. B. B. Mitchell, Mrs. John Finley, Mrs. M. J. Sullivan, Mrs. J. W. McMahon, Mrs. P. M. Aiken, Miss Florence Campbell, and Mrs. R. K. Syphers, of Indianapolis.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

1 pair Brussells net curtains that were $15.00 per pair to close at $9.00 at Bluem's Special Curtain Sale.

THANKS TO DONERS.

On behalf of the children of Allen county Childrens' Home we wish to express our thanks to Mrs. J. C. Linneman and all who so generously remembered them at Christmas time.

Respectfully yours,
MR. AND MRS. D. W. HIGBY.

WORK FOR MEMBERS.

A stated communication of Garrett Wykoff lodge No. 585 F. & A. M. will be held this evening at 7 o'clock for work. All members are requested to be present. W. K. BOONE, W. M.
E. H. JOHNS, Sec'y.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

Lameness in the muscles and joints indicates rheumatism. Don't dally with it a minute. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and cure it. 12

A great variety of lace curtains—many styles but few pairs of a kind at Bluems Special Curtain Sale, some 1-3, some 1-2 less than regular value

Elks' Minstrels tonight.

Impossible to forsee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

LUSH & BANNISTER,

DENTISTS,

Cordially invite the public to visit the best equipped DENTAL OFFICE in the city of Lima.

Hours 8 a. m.—5:30 p. m.
Evenings 7 to 8.

Rooms 5 and 6 Opera House Block.

We Are Loaded

With good things in Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables and Oysters. Give us your orders and we will see that they are properly filled and promptly delivered.

JAMES S. SMITH, GROCER. Both 'Phones 127.

COLONEL REAM

Of the Second Regiment, O. N. G., Pays Respects to Co. A.

J. I. Ream, of Lima, colonel of the Second regiment, O. N. G., was in the city Wednesday in the interests of company A. Captain Groves presented the books in which the records of the company are tabulated to Mr. Ream, who found the status of the organization to be in excellent shape. Colonel Ream stated that the members of the company could expect an inspection of the state property at any time.—Findlay Republican.

CATARRH IN THE HEAD

A Constitutional Disease, Requiring a Constitutional Remedy.

Thousands of people are afflicted with catarrh in the head in a more or less aggravated form. It is not only one of the most troublesome and disagreeable of common complaints, but if allowed to continue, it is almost certain to lead to serious and even fatal consequences. In fact, it is only a step from catarrh to consumption. Catarrh in the head consists of inflammation of the mucous membrane in the nasal passages, and sometimes it extends to the air cavities which cover a considerable portion of the face and extend to the lower part of the forehead. Persons afflicted with catarrh sometimes feel as if their whole face and head were involved.

There is usually a constant and very disagreeable discharge from the nose and the putrid matter fills the throat, and unless continually expelled, it reaches the stomach, causing nausea and a general derangement of the health. Sometimes the sufferer can breathe only with the mouth open, and on rising in the morning a great effort is required to clear the head and throat. Catarrh in the head frequently destroys the sense of taste and smell, and its tendency is always to wear out the patient, who becomes reduced in flesh, weak, debilitated and discouraged.

What is the cure for catarrh, suggested by a reasonable, sensible, scientific view of the disease? Certainly it cannot be found in applying local remedies to the effected parts. The best authorities say catarrh is just as surely a constitutional disease as is scrofula. It is caused and promoted by impure blood. Therefore, the true way to cure catarrh is to purify the blood.

This must be admitted to be a sensible view of the disease and its remedy. Now, what is the teaching of experience? Read the testimonials of those who have been completely and permanently cured of catarrh by purifying their blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands of statements have been written by honest, straightforward men and women; they have been published year after year; and their genuineness is beyond any possible question. These testimonials are proof and not simple assertions.

If you are suffering from catarrh, do not dally with snuffs, inhalants and useless local applications. Take the direct road to health. Cleanse the stream at the fountain head. Purify your blood with the One True Blood Purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. In a short time you will be convinced of the wisdom of this course. Hood's Sarsaparilla will give you an appetite, tone and strengthen your stomach, make rich, red blood, and remove all the disagreeable symptoms of catarrh by permanently eradicating the causes which produce them.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Associated Charities Friday evening, Jan. 11, at 7 o'clock in the Board of Education room. Let there be a full attendance of all the officers and ward committees.

2t MRS. E. B. SERAFF, Sec'y.

Dr. Artemas Blake Gray,
DENTIST.
211 Masonic Building.
LIMA, - - - OHIO.
Lima Telephone No. 569.

LOOK AT THIS!
BANEY & SHEPHERD
THE BARBERS.
In the Metropolitan block basement will give you a hair cut or shave that is smooth as a ribbon.

George S. Mills
Architect
Toledo and Lima

Charles W. Dawson
Representative
305 Masonic Temple, Lima

TO THE LADIES.

Now is the time to buy your tailor made suits, as I have just opened up a ladies tailoring parlor in this city. I have selected all the latest novelties in quality and in style and all garments are made to measure in Lima, by skillful workmen. I also do the dress making. All suits will be sold at reduced prices beginning Jan. 5th until Feb. 5th. We guarantee all work and will save you money.

S. J. COX.
Room 61 Opera House Block, Lima, O. Take the Elevator.

Faurot Opera House.

Saturday, Jan. 12.

The Big Beauty Show,
Hurtig and Seamon's,
Social Maids.

The funniest, gayest and prettiest burlesquers that ever reached the town.

Everything Unique and Original.

SATURDAY NIGHT

The "Social Maids" Will be at the Opera House.

Originality and merit is the motto of Hurtig & Seamon's "Social Maids," who will be here Saturday night.

The "Social Maids" organization is a large and capable one. There are some twenty women and eight or ten men included in it. The women are fair of face and form and vivacious and mirthful in action. The costuming is bright and original, the music new and tuneful, the scenery attractive and the stage pictures well arranged.

Odd pairs of lace curtains, not many of a kind, but many kinds at 1-3 to 1-2 less than the regular value at Bluem's Special Curtain Sale.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Crystal Ice & Coal Co., of Lima, Ohio, for the election of a board of directors and transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the hotel Norval parlors, Monday, January 21st, 1901, at 2 p. m. By order of board of directors.

74 tt J. A. DUTTON, Secretary.

WOOD AND COAL.

The best Coal for your money. Call on John Thomas room 3, Collins block. Telephone 867 and 9. tf

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